******2023年春季学期教学质量监测**

**八年级英语试卷**

（考试时间：120分钟，满分：120分）

注意事项：

1. 试卷分为试题卷和答题卡两部分，答案一律填写在答题卡上，在试题卷上作答无效。

2. 答题前，请认真阅读答题卡上的注意事项。

3. 考试结束后，将答题卡交回。

**一、听力**（共30小题，每小题1分，共30分）

**（一）听句子，选图片。**

你将听到五个句子，请选出与所听句子内容相符的图片,有一幅图是多余的。每个句子读两遍。



A B C D E F

1. 2. 3. 4. 5.

**（二）听短对话，选择最佳答案。**

你将听到五段对话，每段对话后有一个小题，请根据对话内容，选出最佳答案。每段对话读两遍。

6. How much are the glasses?

A. 7 dollars. B.17 dollars. C.70 dollars.

7. Why is Tony sad and unhappy?

A. He has no friends. B. He has no money. C. He has no time.

8. What does Bill look like?

A. He’s heavy. B. He’s short. C. He’s tall.

9. How was John’s trip to Nanning?

A. Great. B. Bad. C. Terrible.

10. Where did the girl go?

A. To the mountains. B. To the beach. C. To the summer camp.

**（三）听长对话，选择最佳答案。**

你将听到三段对话，请根据对话内容，选出每个问题的最佳答案。每段对话读两遍。

请听第一段对话，回答第11至13小题。

11. What did Linda do first last Sunday?

A. She visited her grandparents.

B. She did morning exercises.

C. She did her homework.

12. Where do Linda’s grandparents live?

A. In the city. B. In the countryside. C. In the town.

13. How often does Linda visit her grandparents?

A. Once a week. B. Once a month. C.Twice a month.

请听第二段对话，回答第14至16小题。

14. What is Diana’s mother good at?

A. Swimming. B. Boating. C. Cooking.

15. Where will Diana have a picnic tomorrow?

A. In the mountain. B. In a boat. C. By the river.

16. How is the weather this week?

A. Sunny. B. Cold. C. Warm.

请听第三段对话，回答第17至20小题。

17. What will Billy watch in the museum tomorrow?

A. A talk show. B. A talent show. C. A science show.

18. When can they see the show in this city?

A. Only in summer holiday.

B. Only in winter holiday.

C. Only in May Day holiday.

19. What time will Linda get to the museum?

A. At 8 o’clock. B. At 8:50 o’clock. C. At 9 o’clock.

20. How far is it from Linda’s home to the museum?

A. Only 13 minutes’ bus ride.

B. About 30 minutes’ bus ride.

C. About 30 minutes’ walk.

**（四）听短文，选择最佳答案。**

你将听到一篇短文，请根据短文内容，选出每个问题的最佳答案。短文读两遍。

21. How old was Betty when he came to China?

A. 12. B. 13. C. 15.

22. How did Betty feel when she arrived in Beijing?

A. Nervous and lonely. B. Lonely and sad. C. Happy and excited.

23. What was Betty afraid at first?

A. Making friends with others.

B. Taking part in after-school activities.

C. Speaking in front of class.

24. What subject did Miss Gao teach?

A. English. B. Chinese. C. Maths.

25. What do Betty often do with her classmates on weekends?

A. Go to visit big cities.

B. Study Chinese at school.

C. Help some poor students.

**（五）听短文，填信息。**

你将听到一篇短文，请根据短文内容，将所缺信息填入答题卡对应的横线上，每空一词。短文读三遍。

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Some facts about Mount Tai | * It lies in the 26 of Shandong. * It is just about 1532.7 meters high. * Many people prefer to visit it every year. * People think Mount Tai is an international nature museum. * The tall hills, green trees, and different 27 of stones will stop your steps from leaving. |
| Suggestions | * Don’t 28 leaves off the plants. * 29 throwing rubbish everywhere. * Protect everything and be 30 here. |

**二、单项选择**（共10小题，每小题1分，共10分）

从下列各小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中，选出最佳选项。

31. —Shall we go bird-watching tomorrow?

—\_\_\_\_\_\_\_! I’d love to.

A. Good luck. B. Best wishes. C. Sounds great.

32. The orange smells nice, but it \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a little sour.

A. tastes B. sounds C. feels

33. Give me a chance, \_\_\_\_\_\_ I will give you a wonderful surprise.

A. or B. and C. but

34. —How long do you think the rain will \_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

— Maybe a week.

A. stop B. last C. change

35. —What are you doing, Tony?

—I’m reading the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ news in the newspaper.

A. closest B. latest C. nearest

36. With the help of my English teacher, I have made great \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in English this term.

A. project B. mistakes C. progress

37. —You have tried on several shirts. Which one do you want?

—Sorry to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ too much of your time. But none of them look good on me.

A. take up B. set up C. make up

38. —The storybook is very interesting.

— I agree with you. I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ it twice already.

A. read B. have read C. am reading

39. When the students heard there were pandas in the zoo, they could \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ wait to see them.

A. already B. hardly C. just

40. —Hi, Kate! Could you tell me \_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

—Sure. I usually go to work at 7:00 am.

A. when do you go to work.

B. how you go to work

C. when you go to work

**三、补全对话**（共5小题，每小题1分，共5分）

根据对话内容，从下面方框中选出恰当的句子补全对话，有一个选项是多余的。

A: Morning, this is Friendship Helpline.

B: Hello. 41

A. The quickest way to make friends is to smile.

B. Can you introduce me to others?

C. To learn to talk with others is also very important.

D. This is Li Fang speaking.

E. Try to ask him some questions about himself.

F. You are welcome.

A: Can I help you, Li Fang?

B: Yes. Please give me some advice on how to make friends.

A: OK. 42 When you smile, people think you are friendly to them.

B: I agree with you. What else?

A: 43

B: But how can I start a talk?

A: First, you can say something nice about him.

B: Good idea. Then, what questions can I ask him?

A: 44 For example, “Who’s your favourite singer?” or “What sport do you enjoy?”

B: Thank you for telling me so much.

A: 45

**四、完形填空**（共10小题，每小题1分，共10分）

阅读下面语篇，从各小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中，选出最佳选项。

When my sister Gina was born, she had a problem with her heart. She was weak after a long 46 and had to go to the hospital very often. She had 47 in walking, playing with other children, and going to school.

Our parents wanted to take Gina to a special place in Florida and hoped Gina could 48 with dolphins(海豚). When Gina knew it, she was 49 because she didn’t know whether it was easy to be around dolphins.

When we got to Florida, we couldn’t wait to 50 the place. Kids who had 51   
needs like Gina could come and spend time with dolphins. I thought it was going to be a vacation, 52 it wasn’t. Gina had to work hard every day for a week.

However, the trip was amazing. Gina 53 and clapped(鼓掌) when she saw the dolphins. One of the dolphins squeaked(尖叫)happily to 54 her. They swam together all day. Gina was able to move her body more than she 55 did at home. Mum and Dad were proud of Gina. I was, too.

46. A. health 　 B. illness　 C. peace

47. A. trouble 　 B. success 　 C. trust

48. A. draw 　　 B. skate 　　 C. swim

49. A. polite 　　 B. sleepy　　 C. worried

50. A. help B. visit C. clean

51. A. boring B. special C. harmful

52. A. but B. because C. so

53. A. locked　 B. laughed　 C. escaped

54. A. hurt　 B. welcome C. forget

55. A. hardly　　 B. loudly　 C. usually

**五、阅读理解**（共20小题，第56—60小题，每小题1分；第61—75小题，每小题2分，共35分）

**A**

①I’m Tina. I began to think about my future job at the age of fourteen. My parents are both teachers and I like the job.

②When I was a little girl, I often went to school with my mother. When my mother was in the class, I watched her, and I wanted to be popular among pupils like her.

③On day in the 9th grade, the head teacher asked me to give an English lesson to the fifth-grade pupils because their English teacher caught a bad cold. When I entered the classroom, many pupils had been at their desks. I said “Good morning!” and began the lesson. I wanted the pupils to like English. We read, wrote, sang songs, asked questions and answered questions. Later, I gave English lessons several times and I was happy to teach the pupils.

④Now I know what I am going to do after leaving school. I want to be an English teacher. It’s a very interesting but difficult job. It’s interesting because I can work with pupils. It’s difficult because I have to teach them a foreign language.

⑤To be a good teacher means I have to know a lot. Every day I improve my English by reading books, reading English newspapers, looking through magazines and talking with foreign people.

根据语篇内容，判断下列句子正误，正确的在答题卡上将“T”涂黑，错误的在答题卡上将“F”涂黑。

56. Tina began to think about her future job when she was 14.

57. Tina’s English teacher asked her to give an English lesson to the fifth-grade pupils.

58. Tina felt unhappy about teaching the pupils according to Paragraph 3.

59. Tina thinks being a teacher is interesting because she can learn a lot.

60. To improve her English, Tina does many things every day except watching English films.

**B**

Maria’s Days in Guangzhou

Guangzhou, Guangdong← Changsha, Hunan

**Day 1** (National Day)

Place: Xiajiu Street Special food: rice noodle roll(肠粉)

Activities: visited friends

**Day 2**

Restaurant: Dian Dude Special food: morning tea

Activities: visited Canton Tower; took a boat along the Zhujiang River

Problem: missed the last bus back to the hotel

Result: went back with the help of workers in the hotel

**Day 3**

Special food: many kinds of fruit

Activities: went shopping

Feelings: ☆☆☆☆☆



根据语篇内容，选择最佳选项。

61. Where did Maria go for holiday?

A. Changan. B. Changsha. C. Guangzhou.

62. What is Dian Dude?

A. A restaurant. B. A hotel. C. A tea house.

63. What problem did Maria meet during her trip?

A. She lost her way on the way to the hotel.

B. She broke the tea set when having morning tea.

C. She missed the last bus back to the hotel.

64. What is the right order(顺序) of Maria’s activities?

a. She paid a visit to Canton Tower.

b. She visited her friends.

c. She had a boat trip.

d. She went shopping.

A. b-c-d-a B. b-a-c-d C. c-a-b-d

65. What is the theme(主题) of the passage?

A. Food. B. People. C. Travel.

**C**

①Simon, a 28-year-old German student, rode 5,800 kilometers in China for his trip blog(博客). He wanted to learn about the Chinese Dream.

②“What’s your Chinese Dream?” This is the question he interviewed every stranger he met on his 100-day trip.

③Simon came to China for the first time in 2011. After a year in China, he was able to speak Chinese. Because of his interest in Chinese culture, he went to Zhejiang University in 2017.

④Simon learned “Chinese Dream” in 2013, and now it has become one of the hottest phrases in China. To learn the true meaning of **it** among Chinese people, he started his trip in May 2018.

⑤Simon believes that riding across China is natural. And it is also environmentally friendly(环保的). During his trip, he found that people in the cities usually follow their hearts. What’s more, the older generation(一代) of Chinese cares more about social stability(社会的稳定), but the younger generation cares more about education and environment.

⑥“People look for their ways to make their dreams come true. They all believe that a strong country is the most important,” Simon said.

根据语篇内容，选择最佳选项。

66. Where did Simon ride for his trip blog?

A. Germany. B. China. C. England.

67. How long did it take him to ride across China?

A. For ten days. B. For one hundred hours. C. For one hundred days.

68. What does the underline word **“it”** in Paragraph 4 refer to?

A. Chinese Dream. B. Chinese culture. C. Chinese history.

69. What do young people in China care more about according to Simon?

A. Social stability and education.

B. Environment and education.

C. Education and dream.

70. According to Simon’s words, what do the Chinese people think is the most important?

A. A rich country. B. A famous country. C. A strong country.

**D**

After serving as a doctor in the village for over 50 years, Ma Wenfang, who is from a village of Henan Province, still likes people calling him a “barefoot(赤脚的) doctor”.

“Back in the 1950s and 1960s, there was no doctor in our village,” Ma said. Ma’s mother died of typhoid(伤寒) at the age of 32 in 1961. His younger brother also died of the same disease in less than two months. 10-year-old Ma saw his family die, he made up his mind to become a doctor.

After finishing his studies in middle school in 1967, Ma started to have medical training as a barefoot doctor. He learned both Western medicine and traditional Chinese medicine. Finally, Ma won the villagers’ trust through his hard work. In the 1960s, malaria(疟疾) made many people lost their lives and people had no idea how to control it. Ma visited his village’s families one by one to tell them about malaria. If someone was not at home, Ma would go out to look for him or her. When some villagers refused to take the medicine, Ma would **persuade** them into accepting it.

In the 1990s, Ma said he had more than 150 patients a day at the busiest time. At that time, he could make some money. After saving some of the money for his family, Ma used the rest to help poor villagers.

Now people live a better life and they want better medical services. And Ma still tries his best to help the villagers.

根据语篇内容，选择最佳选项。

71. What made Ma decided to be a doctor?

A. The death of his family.

B. The dream of being famous.

C. The hope of making much money.

72. How old was Ma when he started to have medical training?

A. 14 years old. B. 16 years old. C. 18 years old.

73. What does the underlined word “persuade” mean in Chinese?

A. 理解 B. 说服 C. 欺骗

74. Which of the following is TRUE about Ma Wenfang?

A. He knows nothing about Western medicine.

B. He doesn’t want people to call him a “barefoot doctor”.

C. He used some of his money to help poor villagers in the 1990s.

75. In which part of a newspaper may you read this passage?

A. Science. B. History. C. Health.

**六、选词填空**（共10小题，每小题1.5分，共15分）

根据语篇内容，从方框中选择恰当的单词，**并用其正确形式填空。**将单词填写在答题卡对应的横线上。每个单词只能用一次。

|  |
| --- |
| how them offer hard results spend surprised at skill get |

I loved painting very much, but my parents didn’t allow me to learn it. They thought I should 76 all my time on my studies. They always wanted me to 77 good grades at school. It made me worried and I didn’t know 78 to talk to my parents about it. So I decided to do something to show 79 that I could do both well. I studied 80 than before and spent most of my free time painting.

Luckily, my art teacher, Miss Green, 81 to help me. She thought I was good

82 painting and she taught me lots of painting 83 . Miss Green helped me improve a lot in painting.

One day, Miss Green pushed me into entering a painting competition. After a week the 84 came out. I got first place in the competition! My parents were 85 and they were happy that I kept a balance between studies and hobbies.

**七、书面表达**（15分）

假如你是李华，你的笔友Tom暑假将要来南宁学习汉语一个月。请你根据以下方框内所给的信息给他写一封电子邮件告知相关注意事项。

内容要点：

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 需带物品 | 护照、短裤、T恤等... |
| 住宿地方 | 本人家里或者酒店 |
| 课后活动 | 带领参观南宁名胜古迹、品尝美食… |
| 表达希望 | 与同学建立亲密友谊… |

**注意：**

1. 内容必须包含表格中的所有信息；

2. 可适当增加细节，以使行文连贯；

3. 文中不得透露个人信息；

4. 词数80左右（短文首句已给出，不计入总词数）。

参考词汇：护照passport；名胜古迹places of interest；建立form

Dear Tom,

I am very glad to hear that\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Yours,

Li Hua