

忻州市 2022~2023 学年第二学期期末教学质量监测 八年级英语



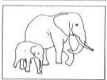
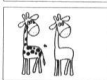







注意事项:

1. 全卷满分 120 分, 答题时间为 120 分钟。
2. 请将各题答案填写在答题卡上。

听力部分(共 20 分)

一、情景反应(每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)

本题共 5 个小题, 每小题你将听到一组对话。请你从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三幅图片中, 选出与你所听到的信息相关联的一项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

() 1. A. 	B. 	C. 
() 2. A. 	B. 	C. 
() 3. A. 	B. 	C. 
() 4. A. 	B. 	C. 
() 5. A. 	B. 	C. 

二、对话理解(每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)

本题共 5 个小题, 每小题你将听到一组对话和一个问题。请你从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中, 选出一个最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

- | | | |
|---|--|---|
| () 16. A. Collecting shells. | B. Collecting stamps. | C. Listening to pop music. |
| () 17. A. By QQ. | B. By WeChat. | C. By writing letters. |
| () 18. A. By bus. | B. By car. | C. By bike. |
| () 19. A. English. | B. Math. | C. History. |
| () 20. A. His brother isn't free to go climbing. | B. Susan can go climbing with his brother. | C. He would like to go climbing with Susan. |

三、语篇理解(每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)


本题你将听到一篇短文。请你根据短文内容和所提出的 5 个问题, 从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中, 选出一个最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

- () 11. What did Grandma teach her to do when Mom was six?
- A. Do the dishes. B. Make bed. C. Cook.

- () 12. When did Mom get married?
- A. At the age of 24. B. At the age of 25. C. At the age of 26.
- () 13. How often does Tina go back to her hometown?
- A. Once a week. B. Once a month. C. Once a year.
- () 14. Why didn't Tina's grandma make meals for her last Sunday?
- A. Because she was ill. B. Because she was busy. C. Because she was tired.
- () 15. What happened when Tina made chicken?
- A. She broke the oven.
- B. She cut up her finger.
- C. She forgot to turn on the oven.

四、听力填空(每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)

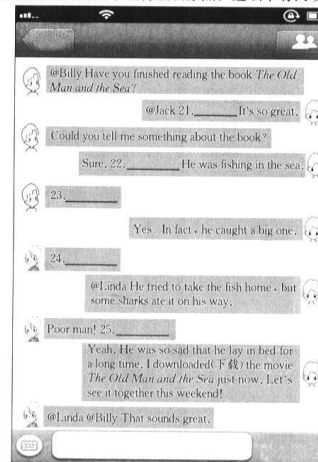
本题你将听到一篇短文。请你根据所听内容, 完成下面的表格, 并将获取的信息填到相应的位置上。每空一词。

A large lake in the UK	
● Loch Ness is the 16. _____ largest lake in the UK.	
● People say the strange animal in the lake weighs over 1,000 17. _____.	
● Some people said they once saw it 18. _____, just like a huge snake.	
● Many people went to Loch Ness to look for this 19. _____ animal.	
● During the 1960s, a team took photos and 20. _____ movies but they didn't find the real one.	

笔试部分(共 100 分)

五、补全对话(每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)

下面是手机群聊的界面, 请根据聊天内容, 从方框内所给的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。选项中有两项为多余项。



@Billy Have you finished reading the book *The Old Man and the Sea*?

@Jack 21. _____ It's so great.

Could you tell me something about the book?

Sure, 22. _____ He was fishing in the sea.

23. _____

Yes. In fact, he caught a big one.

24. _____

@Linda He tried to take the fish home, but some sharks ate it on his way.

Poor man! 25. _____

Yeah. He was so sad that he lay in bed for a long time. I downloaded (下载) the movie *The Old Man and the Sea* just now. Let's see it together this weekend!

@Linda @Billy That sounds great.

- A. Yes, I have.
- B. He must be sad.
- C. What happened next?
- D. Did he catch any fish?
- E. Sorry, that's all I know.
- F. What's the book about?
- G. It is about an old fisherman.

21. _____ 22. _____

23. _____ 24. _____

25. _____

六、完形填空(每小题1分,共8分)

请阅读下列短文,理解其大意,然后从每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中,选出一个能填入空白处的最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

Once there was a rich man. One day, he saw a beautiful bird in a tree when he was walking in his garden. It was singing in a nice voice. He 26 walked near the tree and caught the bird. He thought he could 27 it and get lots of money.

"Don't think about making money by selling me," said the bird. "I will lose my beauty and 28 voice in imprisonment (监禁)." The man got angry and wanted to 29 the bird for its meat.

The clever bird said, "Well, set me free. In return, I will teach you three simple and useful 30, which are good for you."

The man didn't 31 the bird's words and he was afraid that the bird would fly away. However, the bird promised it wouldn't. The man decided to take a risk. He set the bird free. It sat on a branch of a tree and became 32 again.

The man said, "Now teach me the rules."

Then the bird said, "First, never believe 33 others say. Second, never be sad about something you don't have. Third, never throw away what you have in your hand."

- () 26. A. nearly B. slowly C. quickly
() 27. A. protect B. hold C. sell
() 28. A. low B. sweet C. sad
() 29. A. kill B. lose C. lend
() 30. A. changes B. inventions C. rules
() 31. A. understand B. notice C. believe
() 32. A. disabled B. beautiful C. worried
() 33. A. nothing B. something C. everything

七、阅读理解(这一部分共五篇短文,A至D篇每篇短文后有五个小题,E篇后有六个小题,每小题2分,共52分)

(A)

请阅读下面短文,从每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中,选出一个最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

Liverpool (利物浦)	
Experience the best music, sport and culture in the UK!	
The Beatles Story	
The Beatles (披头士乐队) is a world-famous music group from Liverpool. Find out something about it at The Beatles Story. Open every day except (除……之外) on December 25 and 26.	
Adults: £15.95	
Students/Seniors (老年人): £12.00	
Children (5-15): £9.50	
Children (under 5): free	
Anfield (安菲尔德)	
The city loves football. Visit Anfield football stadium (运动场), home to Liverpool's favorite football team, and take a tour. Open every day except on December, 25, 26, January 1 and April 15.	
Adults: £20.00	
Students/Seniors: £15.00	
Children (under 16): £12.00	
Family (2+2): £55.00	

(续表)

Museum of Liverpool
Visit the Museum of Liverpool. Learn all about the history and culture of Liverpool. Open every day from 10 am to 5 pm except on December 24, 25, 26, 31 and January 1.
It's free!

- () 34. If 10-year-old Frank wants to visit The Beatles Story with his parents (both age 39), how much should they pay?
A. £24. B. £36 C. £41.4.
- () 35. When can you visit Anfield football stadium?
A. On December 26. B. On December 31. C. On January 1.
- () 36. How long is the Museum of Liverpool open every day?
A. For five hours. B. For seven hours. C. For ten hours.
- () 37. What can we learn from the passage?
A. The Beatles Story is not open on December 25 and 26.
B. The Beatles is a well-known music group from Paris.
C. Visitors can get into the Museum of Liverpool at 9:00 am.
- () 38. Which of the following is free to the public?
A. The Beatles Story.
B. Anfield football stadium.
C. The Museum of Liverpool.

(B)

请阅读下面短文,从每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中,选出一个最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

April 20 marks United Nations Chinese Language Day. On this day, people around the world celebrate the Chinese language. Teens has invited two Chinese learners to share stories of their studies.

Practicing Chinese with Chinese friends I started taking a short beginners' course in Chinese when I was in the UK. Since I came to China in 2021, I have been using an App on my phone called Hello Chinese. I find reading the small stories on it really helpful. I first read them with pinyin and the Chinese characters and then I'll read them again with just the characters. Also, going out for dinner with my Chinese friends can be a good way to learn. In my life, I'm a bit more confident (自信的) to practice speaking naturally spoken Chinese. David House, the UK	Chinese can make language simpler When I worked at Tsinghua University, one of my jobs was translating information from Chinese to English. Each day I would find something new and interesting about Chinese. Chinese can be emotive (有感染力的) and often give out information more clearly than English. For example, a Chinese sign at school might read, "特殊时间隔坐,人人有责". But the English sign would read: "During the special time, please sit apart from each other. We are all responsible for doing our part." The English is much longer and not as simple. Madeleine King, Australia
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Why April 20?

The UN Chinese Language Day, which falls on April 20, started in 2010. The date was picked because of guyu (grain rain), the 6th of 24 solar terms (节气). It was to **pay tribute to** Cang Jie (仓颉), who is said to be the inventor of Chinese characters. As the old story says, when Cang Jie invented Chinese characters, the gods cried and grain rain fell from the sky. From then on, Chinese people celebrated guyu in memory of Cang Jie.

- () 39. In what way does David learn Chinese?
A. He reads small stories on an App.

- B. He takes short courses in China.
C. He watches Chinese TV shows every day.

- () 40. What does Madeleine think of the differences between Chinese and English?
A. Chinese has more words than English.
B. Chinese signs are usually simpler and shorter.
C. English is easier to speak and write than Chinese.
- () 41. What does the underlined part "play tribute to" in the last paragraph probably mean?
A. 和……打招呼
B. 向……抱怨
C. 向……致敬
- () 42. What can we know according to the passage?
A. English can make people feel more emotive.
B. Chinese is getting more and more popular around the world.
C. Talking to Chinese friends is the only way to practice spoken Chinese.
- () 43. In which section(部分) of a magazine can you read the text?
A. Language and culture.
B. History and population.
C. Science and environment.

(C)

请阅读下面短文,根据短文内容,从方框内所给的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项,使短文意思通顺,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。选项中有一项为多余项。

In China, it is common to see people playing a board game on a table, a bench or just on the ground. 44. _____ Many overseas (海外的) Chinese play the game as a way of having fun and celebrating Chinese culture.



Chinese chess is a two-player board game with a total of 32 pieces in red and black. 45. _____ It must remain in the palace. If it gets checked (被“将死”), the game is over. So the object(目的) of the game is to check the other's King while protecting one's own King.

46. _____ Some believe that Chinese chess appeared during the Warring States Period (战国时期). Others believe that Emperor Shun (舜帝) invented the game to educate his younger brother Xiang. That might be why the game's Chinese name is *xiangqi*.

Today Chinese chess is attracting(吸引) people in other parts of the world. 47. _____ Many foreigners enjoy playing Chinese chess. In their eyes, Chinese chess can help them learn Chinese culture and better communicate with Chinese people.

Like many other games, Chinese chess is now also played online, especially among young people. 48. _____

- A. Chinese chess has a long history in China.
B. Lots of foreigners think it's difficult to learn the game.
C. Among all these pieces, the King is the most important.
D. Many countries now have their own *xiangqi* clubs.
E. However, most people in China still love to play it in parks, streets, and yards.
F. As part of Chinese culture, Chinese chess is the most popular board game in the country.

44. _____ 45. _____ 46. _____ 47. _____ 48. _____

(D)

请阅读下面短文,根据短文内容,在方框内的缩写文章中,填入与文章意思最符合的单词,并将答案写在答题卡相应的位置上。每空一词。

Climbing mountains is a good way of relaxing. More and more people would like to spend their free time climbing mountains. However, some environmental problems are caused by a large number of visitors. Do you think mountain visits should be limited(被限制)?

Some people think it is necessary to limit mountain visits. When too many people walk up mountains, they will damage(破坏) wild flowers and grass. Many people throw rubbish along the way. It will pollute the environment seriously. When they get to the top of the mountain and enjoy the great view, they usually have to do so with a crowd of other people. The huge rise in the number of visitors means there is not enough space for everyone. And more people will increase the danger of accidents, especially in bad weather.

Others think mountain visits shouldn't be limited. Mountains belong to everyone, so no one has the right(权利) to stop them from climbing mountains whenever they want. Being in nature is also good for people's health. If mountain visits are limited, it means that people will miss a way of improving their health.

In a word, whether mountain visits are limited or not, we must try our best to protect mountains while going climbing.

More and more people enjoy climbing mountains. But too many mountain visits can 49. _____ some environmental problems. Should mountain visits be limited?

Some people think mountain visits should be limited. Too many climbers will damage wild flowers and grass, and pollute the environment. A large number of climbers make the mountain top 50. _____. When they enjoy the great view together, they may be in a 51. _____ situation.

Others don't think so. They think everyone has the right to climb mountains. If mountain visits are limited, people will lose their chances (机会) to 52. _____ their health.

All in all, when climbing mountains, we should do 53. _____ we can to protect them.

49. _____ 50. _____ 51. _____ 52. _____ 53. _____

(E)

请阅读下面的非连续性文本,根据语篇内容,回答问题,并将答案写在答题卡相应的位置上。

With the development of the technology, people's life has changed greatly. In the past, connecting(联络) with friends meant spending time with them in person. Today, most young people like to connect with their friends online better. They think it is a good way to keep in touch with (与……保持联系) their friends. However, experts worry that many young people are so busy connecting with friends online that they may lose their real-world friendships (友谊).

Technology hurts friendships. When we communicate with our friends in front of a screen, it's easier to misread their tones (语调) or body languages. We might think friends are smiling while they're actually upset. A friend might send a text message as a joke that says, "You're the worst friend!" But our feelings might be hurt because we think he's serious.

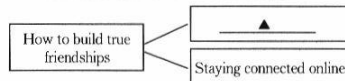
—Andy

(续表)

Technology doesn't hurt friendships. In fact, it can make them stronger. My best friends live in California where I used to live. The last time I met them in person was three years ago. But I talk to them online every week. It feels like they're right there with me. Without technology, there wouldn't be close friends anymore.

—Anna

According to experts, staying connected online is not enough to build true friendships. Spending time together face-to-face is also quite important, especially when people are in trouble. During the hard times, people don't need someone who likes their pictures or posts. What they really need is someone who can offer them help.



54. Please translate the underlined sentence into Chinese.

55. According to Andy, what problem might people meet when communicating with their friends online?

56. Where did Anna use to live?

57. How long didn't Anna meet her friends in California in person?

58. Please finish the chart above.

59. Do you think technology is hurting your friendships? Why?

八、词语运用 (这一部分共两篇文章, A 篇每小题 2 分, B 篇每小题 1 分, 共 20 分)

A. 请阅读下面短文, 根据语篇内容, 在空白处填入恰当的单词, 使短文通顺、连贯, 并将答案写在答题卡相应的位置上。每空一词。

A group of school students went for a picnic on a bus with their teacher. Suddenly the teacher realized that she had lost her watch. The watch was a gift from one 60 her family members. So the teacher asked the students to help look for the watch. She said anyone who got it would get 61 small gift. The students were excited and began to look for the watch. They finally reached the picnic place, 62 no one found the watch. The teacher lost hope when she got off the bus with all the students.

When the bus was empty, a student made a decision to get on the bus again to search 63 the watch. Minutes later, the boy ran to his teacher with the watch in the hand.

The teacher was surprised and she asked the boy how he found it. The boy replied, "I sat peacefully on the 64, trying to listen to the ticking (发出滴答声) of the watch." Nowadays, we often lose our peace of mind. If we spend some time relaxing our mind, we can think more clearly and achieve better results.

60. _____ 61. _____ 62. _____ 63. _____ 64. _____

B. 请阅读下面短文, 根据语篇内容, 用方框中所给词的正确形式填空, 使短文通顺、连贯, 并将答案写在答题卡相应的位置上。方框中有两个词为多余项。

or I know real and stay
early be one he tradition time

Dear everyone,

I am so glad you're now here with 65 in my beautiful hometown Pingyao. As your guide, we 66 together for the whole day. Now, let me introduce our itinerary (行程安排) first.

As you know, Pingyao is regarded as the UNESCO World Heritage Sites (联合国教科文组织世界遗产) in 1997. It is very famous across the whole world. The 67 place that we're going to visit in the morning is the Market Tower. From there, you'll have nearly a bird view of the town. Next, Rishengchang is a must-see place 68 about the development of the bank in China. It was the first and the 69 bank in Qing Dynasty. It helped develop the economy either in Shanxi 70 in China. Lunch will be in the restaurant next to the Qingxu Taoist Temple, which we will visit in the afternoon. You can enjoy the 71 food like Pingyao Beef. Chenghuang Temple and Confucius Temple will also be visited after lunch. In order to save 72, we can use the shared bikes because of the one-day trip.

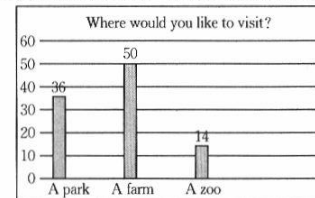
I 73 in Pingyao for 16 years, so please feel free to ask me questions if needed. I 74 love my hometown. I wish you a happy trip here. Thanks.

65. _____ 66. _____ 67. _____ 68. _____ 69. _____

70. _____ 71. _____ 72. _____ 73. _____ 74. _____

九、书面表达 (共 15 分)

南海学校计划下周组织一次郊游活动, 但具体地点未定。为了能够让更多的学生参与到此次活动中来, 学校特向 100 名学生征集意见。下图是学生们提出的三个郊游地点的统计结果。



请你用两段话写一篇短文, 第一段简要说明图表内容, 第二段从图表中选出你最想去的地方, 并给出理由。

要求:

1. 词数不少于 70 词;
2. 文章开头已给出, 不计入总词数;
3. 文中不得出现真实的人名、校名。

Where would you like to go for your school trip? Nanhai Middle School has got some advice from 100 students. _____
