**2022-2023学年第一学期评估试卷**

**九年级英语**

**注意事项：**

**1. 本试卷分试题卷和答题卡两部分，考试结束后只收答题卡，测试时间：100分钟，试卷总分：120分**

**2. 客观题使用2B铅笔填涂；主观题使用0. 5mm黑色签字笔书写，且必须在题号对应的答题区域内作答，超出答题区域书写无效。**

**3. 答题前请在答题卡上将姓名、班级、考场、座号及准考证号填写清楚。**

**一、听力理解（20小题，每小题1分，共20分）**

**第一节** 听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳答案。每段对话读两遍。

1. Who has been to Qingdao twice?

A. Sandy. B. Sandy's brother. C. Sandy's father.

2. What's the population of the small town?

A. About 60000. B. About 600000. C. About 6000000.

3. When did Lucy go to bed last night?

A. At 9: 00. B. At 10: 00. C. At 12: 00.

4. Where are they talking?

A. In the park. B. On the street. C. In the school

5. Why does Miss Green always ride a bike to work?

A. Because her car has broken down. B. Because she lives next to his office.

C. Because she wants to save energy and reduce air pollution.

**第二节** 听下面几段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳答案。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听下面一段对话，回答第6至第7两个小题。

6. What are they going to do tomorrow?

A. Plant trees. B. Go swimming. C. Do some shopping

7. How will they go to Ru River Park?

A. By bus. B. By bike. C. On foot.

听下面一段对话，回答第8至第9两个小题。

8. What was Sophia like?

A. Tall and pretty. B. Short and quiet. C. Tall and quiet.

9. Where does Paul want to go?

A. Cuba. B. England. C. France.

听下面一段独白，回答第10至第12三个小题。

10. How long has Simon been in the mountain village?

A. For 4 years. B. For 14 years. C. For 40 years.

11. Who wakes Simon up every morning?

A. Birds. B. His mother. C. His father.

12. What does Simon do in his spare time?

A. Go fishing. B. Climb mountains. C. Go swimming in the river.

听下面一段对话，回答第13至第15三个小题。

13. How long has the man worked in this factory?

A. Three years. B. Four years. C. Five years.

14. How are the working conditions in this factory?

A. Very noisy. B. Very dirty. C. Very hot.

15. What did the boss say?

A. Too much noise will make people bored and mad.

B. He will do something to control the noise as soon as possible.

C. Working under noisy conditions is harmful to people's health.

**第三节** 听下面一篇短文。根据短文内容，找出与每个人物活动内容相符的图片。短文读两遍。



A B C D E

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Jack | Bill | Betty | Kate | Tom |
| 16. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ | 17. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ | 18. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ | 19. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ | 20. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |

**二、阅读理解（共20小题，每小题2分，共40分）**

阅读下面四篇语言材料，然后按文后要求做题。

A

As we all face the COVID-19（新型冠状病毒肺炎）, protecting ourselves is also protecting others. Here are some safety suggestions based on the *Handbook for the Prevention and Treatment of COVID-19*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Keep healthy habits**  Keep good habits such as having a healthy diet and exercising regularly, as well as getting enough sleep.  This can improve your immune（免疫的）system, making it less likely for you to get infected（感染的）. | **Open windows to let fresh air in**  Do it three times a day for 15 minutes to half an hour each time.  You can only get infected if the virus（病毒） builds up in large amounts（数量）. Opening windows can prevent the virus from building up. |
| **Stay away from crowds**  Don't go to crowded places. If you have to, wear a mask（口罩）. And keep at least one meter away from other people, especially those who are coughing.  The virus can travel one to two meters in the air. Wearing masks can prevent it from reaching your face or mouth. | **Wash hands properly**  Remember to wash your hands with soap before eating, after going to the bathroom, coming home and touching animals.  Your hands might have touched things polluted by the virus. Washing your hands often can stop the virus from entering your body. |

根据材料内容选择最佳答案。

21. If we keep healthy habits, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. it's impossible for us to get infected B. we are less likely to get infected

C. this can't improve our immune system D. the virus in our body will die

22. Opening windows can \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. prevent the virus from entering our house B. stop the virus from entering our body

C. stop the virus from building up D. greatly improve our immune system

23. When we go to crowded places, we should \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. open windows B. not use the bathroom C. take a piece of soap D. wear a mask

24. According to the handbook, we'd better stay at least \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ away from others if we have to go to crowded places.

A. one meter B. two meters C. three meters D. four meters

25. The passage is given to help people learn \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. what we can do to develop healthy habits B. how to protect ourselves from being infected

C. what COVID-19 is D. why COVID-19 is dangerous

B

One day, the employees（员工） of a company returned from their lunch break and were greeted with a sign on the front door. The sign said, “Yesterday, the person who had stood in your way to success passed away. We invite you to attend the funeral（葬礼） in the hall.” At first, everyone was sad to hear that one of their workmates had died, but after a while, they started feeling curious about who this person might be. The excitement grew as they arrived at the hall to pay their last respect. Everyone wondered, “Who is this person who was in my way? Well, at least he's no longer here!”

One by one, the employees got closer to the coffin（棺材）. When they looked inside it, they were speechless. They stood by the coffin, shocked and in silence, as if someone had touched the deepest part of their soul（灵魂）.

There was a mirror inside the coffin. Everyone who looked inside it could see himself or herself. There was also a sign next to the mirror that said, “There is only one person who can stop you from succeeding: it is YOURSELF.”

You are the only person who can change your life. You are the only person who can influence your happiness and your success. You are the only person who can help yourself.

Your life does not change when your family changes, when your friends change, when your boss changes, and when your company changes. Your life changes when you change, and when you realize that you are the only one responsible for your life.

根据材料内容选择最佳答案。

26. Why was everyone sad when they saw the sign at first?

A. Because they heard that one of their workmates had died.

B. Because they just had their lunch.

C. Because they were greeted by someone.

D. Because they were cheated by their boss.

27. Why were the employees speechless when they looked inside the coffin?

A. Because they realized that it was a joke. B. Because they saw themselves in a mirror.

C. Because they saw their closest workmate. D. Because they found nothing in the coffin.

28. Which of the following is TRUE according to the text?

A. The boss of the company was not honest.

B. The employees might learn a lot from the funeral.

C. The employees might get angry after the funeral.

D. An employee in this company passed away.

29. Who can change our life according to the text?

A. Our friends. B. Our family. C. Ourselves. D. Our partners.

30. What does the text mainly tell us?

A. We should work hard to become successful. B. We need to learn to get along with others.

C. We shouldn't give ourselves much pressure. D. We should be responsible for our own life

C

After the world's population increased by more than 400% by the end of the 20th century, population growth has slowed down clearly. The fastest population growth rate（比率） of the world appeared in the late 1960s, and the growth rate has been falling since then. The world's population increased by 2% every year in the late 1960s, while it has now slowed to an increase of just about 1% every year.

There are three basic reasons for global（全球的） population growth: death rate, birth rate and population momentum（趋势）. The falling death rate and the increasing birth rate in each country have led to（导致） an increase in the world's population. The falling momentum of birth rates, that is, the number of children per woman, also has a big effect on world's population growth. The global birth rate was 5 children per woman before the end of the 1960s and it has **halved** since then.

The UN projections（预测） for the global population growth rates starting in the 1950s have a good record in projecting the size of the global population.

Population growth without limit（限制） is not a good thing. So we have made policies to control the population. It is said that the population will stop increasing in 2027.

根据材料内容选择最佳答案。

31. The world's population growth rate has been falling since \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. the 1950s B. the end of the 20th century C. the late 1960s D. the 21st century

32. There are three basic reasons for global population growth except \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. growth rate B. death rate C. birth rate D. population momentum

33. What does the underlined word “halved” mean in Chinese?

A. 半截 B. 均分 C. 减半 D. 平均

34. The UN projections for the global population growth rates \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. has stopped since the end of the 1960s B. has a good record since the 1950s

C. has increased since the late 1960s D. stopped after the 20th century

35. What's the best title for this article?

A. The Increasing Population B. The Largest World Population

C. Future Population Growth D. The Falling Momentum of Birth Rates

D

Fresh air is necessary for us, but air pollution is quite serious these years. We will never forget more than 4, 000 people died in a few days because of the air pollution in London in 1952. 36

We usually think about outdoor air pollution when we talk about air pollution. 37 We all know outdoor air pollution mainly comes from factories and vehicles, because they produce much terrible gas. 38 Indoor air pollution usually comes from indoor activities such as smoking and cooking. A study shows that the air indoors can be 2 to100 times more polluted than the air outdoors. 39 It can hurt people's eyes, noses and throats. It can even cause lung cancer and heart disease as much as outdoor air pollution. It is said that half a million young children and women die each year in India because of indoor air pollution.

40 So we should pay more attention to the indoor air pollution. Remember to open our windows often when we are indoors.

根据材料内容，从下面五个选项中选出能填入文中空缺处的最佳选项，使文章意思通顺、内容完整。

|  |
| --- |
| A. Then what is the reason of indoor air pollution?  B. Most people spend about 80% to 90% of their time inside buildings.  C. But do you know there is also air pollution inside homes, offices, hotels and other buildings?  D. That' really sad!  E. Air pollution indoors does harm to our health in many ways. |

36. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 37. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 38. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 39. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 40. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**三、完形填空（共15小题，每小题1分，共15分）**

先通读短文，掌握其大意，然后从A、B、C、D四个选项中选出一个可以填入相应空白处的最佳答案。

“Thanks to our government（政府）, we can get a free training program. We will have more chances with the help 41 it. I can lean different skills and take a good 42 , then I will live a better life with my family,” a learner in the job training program 43 . feeling excited.

The learner's family is very poor. His father is disabled, and his mother is 44 in bed. In order to support（帮） his family, he had to drop out and work in a small factory. So he 45 the chance to go to the college.

Finally, he asked the job training program 46 help and it helped him to learn many skills. These skills will help him a lot in the future.

It makes me 47 another story. Long long ago, there was a kind-hearted man in a village. He liked fishing a lot, and he was able to catch a lot of 48 every day. He always shared his fish with the neighbors because they didn't know 49 to fish. One day, he thought that it would be a great thing 50 they could fish by themselves. So the kind man taught them how to fish. The neighbors were all very happy and 51 him.

Now, there are still many 52 people in the world. It's not good if we only give them food. Instead, we should provide them with a chance to 53 skills. In fact, technical（技术的） training is very 54 to these people because they can use the skills to raise money. This is the 55 way to help them.

41. A. for B. with C. of D. as

42. A. job B. room C. family D. home

43. A. say B. says C. said D. saying

44. A. silent B. well C. alone D. ill

45. A. misses B. missed C. miss D. missing

46. A. to B. for C. in D. on

47. A. think of B. think over C. take off D. think about

48. A. clothes B. leaves C. fish D. frog

49. A. what B. how C. why D. who

50. A. if B. because C. unless D. whether

51. A. thanks B. thanking C. thank D. thanked

52. A. rich B. poor C. clever D. smart

53. A. learn B. learning C. learned D. learns

54. A. casual B. careful C. opposite D. helpful

55. A. only B. wrong C. right D. hard

**四、语篇填空（15小题，每小题1分，共15分）**

**第一节** 读短文，从方框中选择适当的词并用其正确形式填空，使短文通顺、意思完整。每空限填一词，每词限用一次。

|  |
| --- |
| we call class when read year easy grow interest like |

Nowadays, Chinese traditional culture has become more and more popular. Many people like getting together in traditional Chinese clothes, reading ancient Chinese poems just 56 ancient Chinese people did. These people are 57 lovers of the “*yinsong*.”

“The number of *yinsong* lovers is 58 fast,” said Qin Haiqun, a professional actress who joined the activity at the Hubei Provincial Library. “The number of invitations I've received to give speeches or performances on *yinsong* has increased in recent 59 .”

“ 60 I organized a public performance with my students for the first time, people often asked if we were filming a show or singing opera,” said Qin. “But now our audiences can recite the poems in the correct intonation with 61 .”

The Internet has helped spread the trend, making it 62 for teenagers to reach lovers even in small towns.

“The *yinsong* fashion encourages people to 63 more Chinese poems and it is an easier way to understand the poems,” said Dai, an engineer, whose son attends a *yinsong* 64 . “At least it's more 65 to recite poems with intonation than simply repeating them after our teacher when we were in primary school.”

56. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 57. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 58. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 59. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 60. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

61. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 62. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 63. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 64. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 65. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**第二节** 阅读短文，根据语篇要求填空，使短文通顺、意思完整。每空限填一词。

Ms. Green, our English teacher, has been in China 66 more than three years. He likes traveling very much. He has been to many places 67 interest in Beijing, but she has not yet（还） been to other parts of China. Last week she went to Mount Hua in Shanxi Province with her friends. Many people like travelling there 68 air, but Ms. Green and her friends think that the train is the best way to go there. It is much cheaper and 69 enjoyable than a rushed trip by plane. At the same time, they could enjoy the scenery（风景） outside the windows. Ms. Green was very happy to 70 cards with her friends on the train. They had a wonderful train ride to Shanxi.

66. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 67. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 68. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 69. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 70. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**五、补全对话（5小题，每小题2分，共10分）**

根据下面的对话情景，在每个空白处填上一个适当的句子，使对话的意思连贯、完整。

A: Did you watch the exhibition last Sunday?

B: No, I didn't. What's it about?

A: It's about science in the science museum. 71. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ?

B: I talked with some of the robots in the robot club.

A: 72. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ?

B: Yes, I like them very much. I have been a member of the robot club for three years. I even made a robot on my own A: Did you take part in the competition with your robot?

B: Yes, but we didn't do well. By the way, 73. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ?

A: No. I'm only interested in space. Look! I bought these books about space

B: 74. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ?

A: An astronaut.

B: 75. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

A: Thank you.

**六、书面表达（20分）**

现在，我们都知道“科学技术是第一生产力”。身处飞速发展的时代，我们的生活无时无刻不在受着科技的影响。那么，在日常生活中，你认为哪项科技发明或产物对我们的生活影响最大？请以“\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Has/Have Influenced Our Life”为题，根据下面的要点和要求，用英语写一篇文章。

写作要点：

1. 是什么影响了我们的生活？

2. 它（们）是如何影响我们的生活的？

3. 你对这种影响有何感悟？

写作要求：

1. 首先写出完善的文章题目；

2. 文章要语句通顺，表达清楚，语法正确，上下文意连贯；

3. 短文写100词左右；

4. 文中不得出现自己学校真实名称和学生的真实姓名。

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**BF2022-2023学年第一学期中段质量评估试题**

**九年级英语参考答案**

**一、听力理解**

1-5 BBAAC 6-10 ABBCB 11-15 ABCAB 16-20 BDAEC

**二、阅读理解**

21-25 BCDAB 26-30 ABBCD 31-35 CACBC 36-40 DCAEB

**三、完形填空**

41-45 CACDB 46-50 BACBA 51-55 DBADC

**四、语篇填空**

56. like 57. called 58. growing 59. years 60. When 61. us 62. easy 63. read 64. class 65. interesting 66. for 67. of 68. by 69. more 70. play

**五、补全对话**

71. What did you do last Sunday? /. . .

72. Do you like robots? /. . .

73. Are you interested in robots? /Do you like robots? /. . .

74. What do you want to be in the future? /What do you want to be when you grow up. /. . .

75. I hope your dream come true. /. . .

**六、书面表达**

One possible version:

**The Smartphone Has Influenced Our Lives**

Nowadays, we live in a modern world which is influenced by high technology. Of all the technologies, I think the smartphone has influenced our lives most.

A year ago, I'm crazy about the smartphone at home. The games in it were so fantastic that they made me very excited. Because of playing these games on the smartphone for a long time, my eyesight was weaker and weaker, and I did very badly in all my subjects. Later, thanks to my head teacher and my parents, I realized the danger of playing games. Since then, I've got rid of the smartphone slowly. As a result, I had good scores in most of my subjects.

Thinking back now, I shouldn't spend too much time playing games on the smartphone although the smartphone can bring us different feelings. After all, we teens need to develop healthy habits of studying and playing.