九年级英语试题

# 听力部分(共 25 分)

**一、听句子，选择图片。(每小题 1 分，共 5 分)**

**第一节 听句子，从每小题 A、B、C 选项中选择最佳图片。(每个句子读一遍)**

（ ）1. A.  B.  C. 

（ ）2. A. B. C.

（ ）3. A. B. C.

（ ）4. A. B. C.

（ ）5. A. B. C.

# 二、听句子、对话和短文。(每小题 1 分,共 15 分)

**第二节 听句子,从每小题 A、B、C 三个选项中选出能对句子做出适当反应的答语。(每个句子读两遍)**

（ ）6. A. No, I don’t. B. Yes, I have. C. No, I won’t.

（ ）7. A. Don’t worry. B. You’re welcome . C. Of course.

（ ）8. A. It’s mine. B. 25 dollars. C. It’s yellow.

（ ）9. A. Last weekend. B. By plane. C. Perfect.

（ ）10. A. Sounds interesting. B. Not at all. C. I’m so sorry.

**第三节听对话,从 A、B、C 选项中选择能回答所给问题的最佳答案。(每个对话读两遍)** 听下面一段对话，回答两个小题。

（ ）11. Where does the girl want to go tonight?

A. To the park. B. To the market. C. To the cinema.

（ ）12. What does the boy think of the dishwasher?

A. Helpful. B. Expensive. C. Necessary.

听下面一段对话回答三个小题。

（ ）13. Who did Tom go to the old people’s home with?

A. His friends. B. His parents. C. His classmates.

（ ）14. What did they do with the old people?

A They went shopping. B. They took a walk. C. They played chess.

（ ）15. What did the old people give them in return?

A. Some fruit. B. Some flowers. C. Some books.

**第四节听短文，回答问题。**听下面一篇短文，根据所给问题选择最佳选项。(短文读两遍)

（ ）16. What will the weather be like tonight?

A. Rainy. B. Windy. C. Sunny.

（ ）17. Where will they meet tomorrow morning?

A. At the cinema. B. At the bus stop. C. At the school gate.

（ ）18. How many groups will the students be divided into?

A. Three. B. Four. C. Five.

（ ）19. When will they arrive at the park?

A. At eight. B. At nine. C. At ten.

（ ）20. What does Mr. James do?

A. A doctor. B. A guide. C. A teacher.

**三、听短文，填表格。(每小题 1 分,共 5 分)** 每空一词。（短文读两遍）

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Studying in** 21 | |
| The place | It’s 22 to live there. |
| The cost | \*The university courses cost from £5,000 to £8,000.  \* A room at school costs about £ 23 a week. |
| The weather | It’s a little bit cold even in summer. |
| The language | Foreign friends can be 24 . |
| 25 and plan well ahead! | |

**一．选择**: （15 分）

# 笔试部分

（ ）37．On April 29，China successfully launched the Tianhe at the Wenchang Space Launch Centre in Hainan. exciting news!

（ ）26.We often have three meals day. And we usually have breakfast at 8：00 every morning.

A．a；the B．a；a C．a； / D．the；a

（ ）27．In Chinese culture，the young won't start dinner the elders take their seats. A．after B．when C．until D．although

（ ）28．—Listen! Amy，who next door？

—Well，it's Cindy. Her voice always sounds just like a bird.

A．sings；sweetly B．is singing；sweet C．sings；sweet D．is singing；sweetly

（ ）29．—Have you told Dr. Greenall our latest achievement in the vaccine research？

—Not yet. When I ，he a speech，so we had no time for a few words A．arrive；will give B．arrived；was giving C．arrive；is giving D．arrived；has given

（ ）30. —Safety comes first! Everyone should stop the kids from in the lake or river.

—Life is valuable. Kids must remember \_ the school rules.

A．How an B．What an C．How D．What

（ ）38．You can take of the two glasses and leave the other for me. A．both B．none C．neither D．either

（ ）39．—In China，driving after drinking .—You are right. That's the law. A．is not allowed；against B．was not allowed；with

C．are not allowed；for D．were not allowed；along

（ ）40．—When shall we be volunteers to collect litter in the park，Saturday or Sunday？

—Either is OK，for I will be quite glad to do something meaningful for our community. .

A．I'm afraid not B．It's up to you C．Never mind D．Don't mention it **二．完型填空:**（15 分）阅读下面短文，掌握其大意，然后从各题所给的四个选项中选出最佳答案。

# cactus and rose

A．swim; to follow B．swim; following C．swimming; following D．swimming; to follow

There were many plants in a forest. When

41\_

came, a pine

（ ）31．An old man on the side of the road was found , and he was sent to the hospital by the bus driver and passengers immediately.

tree saw a red rose nearby and said, “What a beautiful flower! I wish I were that lovely.”

A．lies; dies B．lay; died C．lain; dead D．lying; dying

The rose 42

said, “It seems that I am the most beautiful flower in this forest.” Then

（ ）32．The number of giant pandas is getting because their living areas are becoming farmlands.

the rose looked at a cactus and said, “Look at that “What a proud flower!” thought the tree.

43 plant full of thorns!”

A．less and less B．larger and larger C．smaller and smaller D．fewer and fewer

As the days passed, the red rose often looked at the cactus and said

44 words about

（ ）33．-- Nancy, do you know ? –In 1957, I think. .

it, like “This plant is useless. How 45

I am to be his neighbour!”

A who wrote the play Teahouse B. what the play Teahouse is about

The cactus 46

got angry and said, “God did not create any form of life without a

C. when the play Teahouse was written D. why Lao She wrote the play Teahouse

47 .”

（ ）34．In the year of 2020，each of us by the people like Zhong Nanshan and Li Lanjuan who taught us how to fight against the difficulties in life with a strong will.

Time passed, and the weather became very hot. As there was no to wilt (枯萎).

48 , the red rose began

A．were greatly encouraged B．greatly encourages C．greatly encouraged D．was greatly encouraged

（ ）35．—We are planning a National Fire Prevention Day this weekend. Do you have any advice？

One day the rose saw birds put their beaks (鸟嘴) into the cactus and then 49

The red rose asked the pine tree what the birds were doing. The pine tree 50 birds were getting some water from the cactus.

“Did the cactus have it?” asked the rose.

away.

that the

—You'd better signs around the school to tell all the students about that.

“Yes, you can also

51 some from it. The birds can bring water to you if you ask the

A．make up B．put up C．set up D．show up

1. for help.”

（ ）36．—Is the woman walked past just now your teacher?

The red rose felt too

1. to ask for water from the cactus. But finally it did ask for help.

—Yes, she teaches \_ English and we all love her very much.

The cactus

1. . The rose learned a lesson and never judged anyone by their
2. again.

A．which; our B．who; us C．which; us D．that; our

From then on, the rose got on well with other plants.

（ ）41．A．spring B．summer C．autumn D．winter

（ ）42．A．luckily B．suddenly C．excitedly D．proudly

（ ）43．A．special B．ugly C．pleasant D．long

（ ）44．A．bad B．wonderful C．interesting D．boring

（ ）45．A．friendly B．comfortable C．unlucky D．afraid

（ ）46．A．sometimes B．seldom C．always D．never

（ ）47．A．purpose B．background C．chance D．conclusion

（ ）48．A．wind B．snow C．rain D．fog

（ ）49．A．run B．fly C．pass D．take

（ ）50．A．excused B．expressed C．expected D．explained

（ ）51．A．borrow B．buy C．protect D．drink

（ ）52．A．tree B．bird C．flower D．cactus

（ ）53．A．sorry B．proper C．amazing D．satisfied

（ ）54．A．refused B．agreed C．thought D．cried

（ ）55．A．smell B．thorns C．appearance D．personality

**三．阅读:**（35 分 56-70 题每题 1 分 71-80 题每题 2 分）

A

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A WONDERFUL NIGHT AT DA YANG AQUARIUM（海洋馆）  Have you ever seen sea animals at night？What do they do？ Eat？Sleep？Swim？Let's go and enjoy the happy time.Time：6：30 p.m.～8：30 p.m.Saturday | | | |
| 6：30 p.m.～7：00 p.m. | 7：00 p.m.～7：30 p.m. | 7：30 p.m.～8：00 p.m. | 8：00 p.m.～8：30 p.m. |
| Walking time | Playing time | Feeding time | Picture﹣taking time |
| 菁优网：http://www.jyeoo.com  Walking with the penguins | 菁优网：http://www.jyeoo.com  Playing with the seals | 菁优网：http://www.jyeoo.com  Feeding the fish | 菁优网：http://www.jyeoo.com  Taking pictures with the dolphins |
| Tour A | Tour B | Tour C | Tour D |

\*You can enjoy dinner at our restaurant under the water from 6：00 to 6：30.

\*You can't eat anything while you are watching the sea animals.

\*You cannot spend time with all four kinds of sea animals in one tour.

\*Each tour costs 15 yuan. You can buy the tickets at the gate of the aquarium.

\*You can decide which tour you will join after you arrive at the aquarium.

（ ）56. If you want to play with the seals，which tour should you choose？

A. Tour A. B. Tour B. C. Tour C. D. Tour D.

（ ）57.If you want to enjoy 4 tours，how much will you pay for them？

A.15 yuan. B.30 yuan .C.45 yuan .D.60 yuan.

（ ）58. What can't you do while you are watching the sea animals？

A. Feed the fish. B .Walk with the penguins. C. Eat food. D. Take pictures.

（ ）59.How long can you enjoy the activities at the aquarium at most in one night？

A. Half an hour. B. One hour. C. One and a half hour .D. Two hours.

（ ）60. Which of the following is NOT true according to the passage？

1. You can go to the aquarium to see sea animals on Sunday night.
2. You can decide which tour you will join after you arrive at the aquarium.
3. You cannot spend time with all four kinds of sea animals in one tour.
4. You can have dinner at their restaurant under the water from 6：00 to 6：30.

# B

I prefer to go slowly when I drive in the mountains of my home, because the forest scenery is beautiful no matter what the season is. This morning I was driving slower than usual because an early March snow had made the roads slippery (湿滑的). Going up a mountain road, I had to slow down as I rounded a sharp, snowy curve ( 转 弯 处 ). That was when I saw a strong and handsome male deer standing in the middle of the road. I came to a full stop and for a few seconds we just looked at each other. His eyes seemed wise and calm. Finally, he nodded his head at me. I nodded in return and waved with my hand for him to go on. He then jumped and ran across the road, up the hill, and back into the woods. I drove on smiling at the magic of this

moment and thanked that I had been going slowly enough not to hit this beautiful creature.

Most of us rush through this life not knowing what we are missing. We hardly get to enjoy what each day brings us. Wouldn’t it be better to go slowly through our days here? Life is meant to be **savored**. Moments are meant to be valued. Days are meant to be lived in love and joy not flown through at a crazy speed.

The next time you find yourself going too fast, slow down. Take the time to watch the sunrise fill the world with light. Take the time to smile, laugh and sing. Take the time to read and relax. Take the time to live your life with love and delight in all the miracles each day brings you. If you do, your life will be much better and more beautiful. And you might even end up not hitting a deer on your way home.

（ ）61.. Why does the writer like to go slowly in the mountains?

A. Because there is much snow. B. Because the forest scenery is beautiful.

C. Because the road is dangerous. D. Because there is a male deer.

（ ）62. What might the writer regret most if he drove too fast in the mountains according to Paragraph 1?

1. Missing the beautiful scenery of the mountains.
2. Missing the chance of spending time with animals.
3. Missing the chance of enjoying an early March snow in the mountains.
4. Missing the chance of having magical communication with a deer.

（ ）63. How did the writer feel after meeting the deer?

A. Upset. B. Thankful. C. Worried. D. Lucky.

（ ）64. What does the underlined word “savored” mean in Chinese?

A. 积极 B. 创造 C. 品味 D. 勇敢

（ ）65. What’s the best title of this passage?

A. Enjoy Life B. Love Nature C. Protect Animals D. Drive Slowly

# C

You may often hear some myths (传 言) about animals. For example, one dog year equals about seven human years, chameleons ( 变 色 龙 ) change color to match their environment… Today, let's talk about birds. It is said that if you touch a baby bird, the parents will completely abandon (抛 弃) it. Do you really believe it?

In fact, most birds have a very poor sense of smell, so in most cases are unable to even notice the smell of humans on baby birds. Not only that, but most types of birds aren't so quick to abandon their young when they sense danger. Some types will even do their best to protect their young when they are in danger.

Indeed, in very few known cases, parent birds sometimes abandoned their nests from something touching their young, just because they noticed it by sight, not smell. When this happens, the parent birds usually won't care, other than to be a little more careful than normal. Sometimes, they may temporarily (暂时地) abandon the nest in order to better watch whatever disturbed their nest comes back.

What's more, in most cases, even if the nest is destroyed by wind or something to that effect, you could create a new one and put all the baby birds back in it, and when the parents came back, they wouldn't care their baby birds were in a different nest, so long as you put the new nest near where the old one was so they can find it.

（ ）66.Which of the following is true?

A． Birds have a very good sense of smell .

B．A baby bird will die soon if it is touched by someone.

1. Whatever disturbed the nest will never come back.
2. Some birds will protect their babies when they are in danger.

（ ）67.What does the underlined word "it" in Paragraph 3 refer to?

A． Their nest B. Their baby.

C Some birds abandoning their nests. D .Something touching their young.

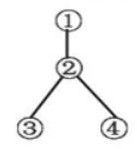
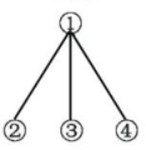
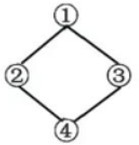
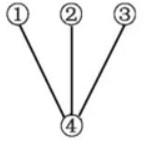
（ ）68. The parent birds if we make a new nest for baby birds to take the place of the old one.

A． will never come back B． will worry about their babies

C． won't mind D will take their babies away

（ ）69.Which of the following shows the structure (结 构) of the passage?

(① =Paragraph 1(第 一 段), ②=Paragraph 2…)

1. B． C． D．

（ ）70. What is the best title of this passage?

A ．Bird Truth B． Baby Birds C． Bird Nests D． Bird Smell

# D

Home to the yearly World Internet Conference (WIC), Wuzhen, a water town in East China’s Zhejiang Province, has always been connected with technology.

Wuzhen’s People’s Park was built in the 1950s. But this traditional park is now a center with the latest technologies. Powered by technologies including 5G, AI and AR, 23 interactive displays have been set up in the park.

An AI assistant is placed at the park’s entrance. From the weather forecast to the price of meat and vegetables, it provides daily-life information for the local people.

Square dancing is popular in China. A big screen has been put up in the park’s square, and dancers can learn routines (路线) from the screen or use it as a music player. Using AR, dancers can see themselves through the special camera, making the screen a “mirror”.

The rubbish cans here are smart, too. The rubbish can opens by itself when it senses something moving near. It then sorts the rubbish and tells you which kind it falls in.

The virtual (虚拟的) zoo in the park is the children’s favorite. By using the park’s app to scan (扫描) the area, visitors can check out virtual animals by AR cameras.

The park is not just a collection of technologies put together for no reason. All the services were designed according to people’s actual needs, which showed us what “technology +” could be like in the future.

（ ）71. What is Wuzhen famous for according to the text?

A. AR. B. A water town. C. Technologies. D. The People’s Park.

（ ）72. What will you first see when you go to Wuzhen’s People’s Park?

A. AR cameras. B. A big screen. C. Smart rubbish cans. D. An AI assistant.

（ ）73. What will the rubbish can do when something moves near?

①It opens. ②It scans people. ③It sorts the rubbish. ④It tells people which can to drop.

⑤It puts the rubbish people throw in the right can by itself.

A. ①③⑤ B. ①③④ C. ②④⑤ D. ②③④

（ ）74 Why do children like the virtual zoo in the park?

1. Because they can use the park’s app.
2. Because they can see the animals on TV.
3. Because they can play mobile phones freely.
4. Because they can see many kinds of virtual animals there.

（ ）75. What may our future life be like according to the text?

A. The technologies will serve people better. B. People can go anywhere by car for free.

C. All the AI assistants will be here and there. D. All the people must learn technologies.

E

先通读下面的短文，然后根据短文内容，在文章后表格的空格内填入一个最恰当的词。所填单词必须写在答题卡对应题号的横线上。每个空格只能填一个单词。

There are long rivers， and there are famous rivers．The Nile is the world's longest and most famous river． It runs 6 ， 650 kilometers． Crocodiles and hippos live in its waters． Pyramids built by ancient Egyptians rise along its banks．

The main branch of the Nile， the White Nile， starts just above Lake Victoria， the world's second largest fresh ﹣ water lake， in east central Africa． Then it flows to the north． At Sudan's capital， another great river called the Blue Nile joins the White Nile． Together， they form one very powerful river． Then it goes through Egypt's famous Nile Valley before reaching the Mediterranean Sea．

Ancient Egypt， the first great African civilization（文明）， started along the banks of the Nile more than 5，000 years ago． Ancient Egypt ruled the Nile Valley for thousands of years． Great pyramids and temples were built on the banks and we can still visit them today． Without the rich farmland along the banks of Nile， there might be no ancient Egypt civilization．Every year， the Nile flooded its banks． The floodwaters covered the banks with

a rich soil． The Nile's banks were easy to farm and produce crops．

The Nile also made a perfect highway for boats． The river runs north， but the wind on the **ri**ver blows south．To go south，boaters put up sail to catch the wind．TO go north，they took the sails down． Ancient people traded along the river for hundreds of miles．

阅读短文，填表格，每空一词。

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | a powerful river．  Then the Nile goes through the Nile Valley．Finally it 78 the Mediterranean Sea． |
| The Nile's long and rich banks． | Ancient Egypt started along the banks of the Nile more than 5，000 years ago． Its people built pyramids and temples we can still visit today．  Every year the Nile flooded its banks． The flood waters covered the banks with a rich soil ． Rich farmland 79 this ancient civilization great．  The Nile made a perfect highway for boats． To go south， boaters put up sails to catch the wind． To go north， they took the sails down．Ancient people 80 and sold goods along the river for  hundreds of miles． |

**四、词语运用:（**共 10 个小题，每小题 1 分，共 10 分）阅读下面短文，根据首字母、音标.语境和所给单词的适当形式填空，使短文意思完整．每空限填一词．请将答案填写在答题卡指定位置．

I grew up in a small town in Italy. One morning my dad told me to drive him to a village，

about 18 miles 81 ． Then he asked me to take the car to a nearby garage for a service

（保养）． Thinking that I just had my driving license， and I hardly had the 82

/tʃaːns / to use the car， I agreed happily． Then I drove to the garage and 83 （drop） off the car． Because there were still a few hours left，I decided to watch movies at a theatre near the garage． But I was two hours late when the last movie finished．

Dad could never let me drive again 84 he knew what I did．So when I drove to the place where we had planned to meet and saw Dad waiting patiently on the corner. I told him that I came as

85 （快速地）as I could．I was late because the car needed some 86 /'s peʃl/ repairs． "I'm very sorry that you told me a lie， Jason.”

"What do you mean, Dad？ I'm telling the 87 t ． "

"I called the garage to ask if there were any problems．I'm angry not with you but with 88 m ．I've failed as a father， so I'll walk home now and think it over．"

I begged all the way，telling him how sorry 1 was．But nothing helped． I had to drive

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| The Nile ﹣ the longest and most famous river in the world | |
| Where does the Nile flow？ | The White Nile is the main branch of the Nile． It starts above Lake Victoria and then 76 to the north．  The Blue Nile joins the White Nile at the 77 of Sudan． They form |

89 [bɪˈhaɪnd] him for 18 miles．

It was one of the most 90 （pain） moments in my life． But it was the best lesson．

# 五.完成对话 : (5 分)

根据对话内容，从选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项补全对话，其中有两个为多余选

项。

A: Do you think the Olympics can change a city even after the Games finish? B: Oh, yes. They can really change a city and help the people who live there.

A: 91

B: Yes, of course. One example is the Beijing 2022 Winter Olympics. They built the Ice Cube.

92

A: A great example! Can the Games make money for a city?

B: Sure. More people go to those cities even after the Games. 93

A: What about children? 94

B: Before the Games, many children preferred to play video games and watch TV. 95

A: It’s really a big change.

1. How can the Olympics change them?
2. Have you ever visited such a city?
3. Now it has become a popular place for people to visit.
4. Can you give us an example?
5. Tourism helps them become richer.
6. What sports do they usually prefer?
7. Now they begin to do more sports outside.

**六 作文:** （15 分）

我们在追逐青春梦想的同时，不能忽视"劳动最光荣"的优良传统．专家指出，经常做家务不仅能锻炼我们的动手能力，还能增强我们的责任感．想要做最好的自己，就从做家务开始吧!请以"To be a helper of my family"为题目写一篇英语短文．

要点：1．你经常做哪些家务？

2．描述一次你印象最深刻的家务劳动过程，并写出劳动后的感悟． 要求：1．书写规范，词数 60 ﹣ 100；

1. 要点齐全，条理清晰，可适当发挥；
2. 文中不得出现真实姓名、校名、地名，否则不予赋分；
3. 请在答题卡指定位置作答，否则不予赋分．

参考词汇：make the bed， wash the dishes， do some washing/leaning/looking， look after，deligent（勤劳的） ，hard﹣working， responsible， be satisfied with， confident…

To be a helper of my family