2022-2023第二学期九年级期中监测

英 语 试 题



**温馨提示:**

1. 本试卷分第Ⅰ卷和第Ⅱ卷两部分。满分120分。考试用时120分钟。

2.答卷前,考生务必用0. 5毫米黑色签字笔将自己的姓名、准考证号、填写在试题卷和答题卡规定的位置上。

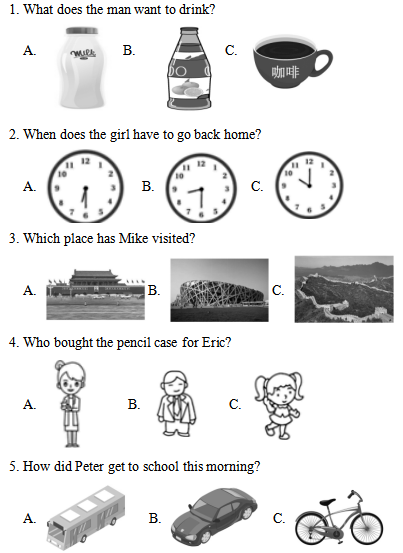
3.第Ⅰ卷每小题选出答案后，用2B铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑；如需改动，用橡皮擦干净后，再选涂其他答案标号。答案不能答在试题卷上。

4. 第Ⅱ卷必须用0. 5毫米黑色签字笔作答，答案必须写在答题卡各题目指定区域内相应的位置，不能写在试题卷上；如需改动,先划掉原来的答案，然后再写上新的答案；不准使用涂改液、胶带纸、修正带。不按以上要求作答的答案无效。

第Ⅰ卷（选择题，共80分）

第一部分 听力理解(共两节，共20小题，每小题1.5分，满分30分)

**第一节** 听下面5段对话，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出与其意思相符的图片，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。听每段对话前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题5秒钟；听完后，各小题将给出5秒钟的作答时间。每段对话读一遍。



**第二节** 听下面5段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。听每段对话或独白前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题5秒钟；听完后，各小题将给出5秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听材料，回答以下各小题。

6. What are the speakers doing?

A. Having a meeting. B. Making a phone call. C. Telling a story.

7. What will the speech be about?

A. The Long March. B. The school. C. The old man.

听材料，回答以下各小题。

8. When will the girl’s birthday party be?

A. On Monday. B. On Friday. C. On Sunday.

9. What does the boy like best?

A. Chicken. B. Fish. C. Beef.

10. Who is Lisa?

A. Paul’s friend. B. Paul’s cousin. C. Paul’s sister.

听材料，回答以下各小题。

11. Which is quite small in the new house?

A. The garden. B. The living room. C. The kitchen.

12. What colour does Sally like best?

A. White. B. Pink. C. Blue.

13. What’s the relationship between the two speakers?

A. Father and daughter. B. Husband and wife. C. Salesman and customer.

听材料，回答以下各小题。

14. What’s the matter with Jim?

A. His arm hurts. B. His neck hurts. C. His head hurts.

15. What did Jim do on the weekend for twenty hours?

A. Did homework. B. Played computer games. C. Went shopping.

16. What does Mary advise Jim to do?

A. To lie down and rest. B. To call up a doctor. C. To stay away from the TV.

听材料，回答以下各小题。

17. How long has Mr. Bell taught the students?

A. For one year. B. For two years. C. For three years.

18. Why do the students like Mr. Bell’s lessons?

A. They’re easy to follow. B. He is young and handsome. C. They’re interesting and useful.

19. What will they do at the end of the party?

A. Take photos together. B. Give thanks to Mr. Bell. C. Talk about their memories.

20. Who wrote the letter?

A. The headmaster. B. Li Hua. C. Mr. Bell.

第二部分 英语知识运用（共两节, 满分20分）

第一节 单项填空（共10小题；每小题1分, 满分10分）

从A、B、C、D四个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。并将答案写在答题卡上。

21. — What are you going to be when you grow up, Lily?

— I’m going to be \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ astronaut like Wang Yaping.

A. a B. an C. the D. /

22. — Could you tell me \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ we can find happiness?

— Yes. Just as President Xi says “Happiness is achieved through hard work.”

A. why B. whether C. what D. how

23. The saying “*One tree can’t make a forest*.” tells us the importance of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. teamwork B. knowledge C. friendship D. housework

24. — If you want to pass the final exam, you should make full\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

— Yes, I agree with you.

A. information B. invitations C. preparations D. competitions

25. — Look! Someone \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the window . The glass is everywhere.

— What a mess! Let's clean it up first.   
A. breaks B. is breaking C. was breaking D. has broken

26. Tom was angry because Jerry ate \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of his nine apples secretly. Now he had only three left.

A. two thirds B. one third C. a half D. a quarter

27. The high-speed railway has greatly changed people’s life. It makes travel \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. higher B. harder C. slower D. easier

28. — If you have completed the work, please \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the tools in the box.

— Sorry, I forgot about them. I’ll do it right now.

A. send away B. put away C. put up D. send up

29. — Mum, I’ve signed for the box. What’s in it?

— I’m not sure. It \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ be a present from your uncle.

A. can’t B. must C. may D. need

30. — I’m going to take part in a math competition this Sunday. I feel nervous.

—\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Believe in yourself.

A. What a pity B. Sure, I’d love to C. Take it easy D. It doesn’t mater

第二节 完形填空（共10小题；每小题1分, 满分10分）

阅读下面短文, 从短文后各小题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

Like most children growing up in the countryside, Mike loved being outdoors and traveled around every inch of the area.

With a deep love of the land, he had a strong wish to 31 it. When Mike saw rubbish floating in the rivers, he got 32 . He knew he had to do something. While only in the third grade, Mike started a group. Its purpose was to 33 the countryside and teach other young people about pollution and its dangers.

But Mike faced a challenge. As he was 34 , he found it hard to speak out in public. However, with his mom’s help, Mike 35 dealt with his fear. He said. “ I took responsibility (责任) and did what needed to be done. When your heart is into it, 36 will stop you.”

Mike worked hard to 37 his idea to the public. He handed out leaflets and even appeared on radio and TV. His efforts paid off. He won 38 from several thousand people. And his group collected and recycled more than 22,000 pounds of rubbish.

Now as a college student, Mike’s 39 remains the same. He often says, “I want to create a 40 life for my kids and grandkids. It’s beautiful countryside, where I’m from, and I want my kids to see it like I see it.”

31. A. practice B. prepare C. protect D. provide

32. A. angry B. tired C. relaxed D. weak

33. A. set up B. break into C. clean up D. move into

34. A. sad B. shy C. proud D. polite

35. A. clearly B. carefully C. traditionally D. successfully

36. A. nothing B. anything C. something D. everything

37. A. accept B. change C. introduce D. follow

38. A. courage B. support C. victory D. doubt

39. A. fear B. chance C. luck D. wish

40. A. better B. harder C. crazier D. busier

第三部分 阅读理解（共15小题；每小题2分, 满分30分）

阅读下列短文, 从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中, 选出最佳选项。并在答题卡上将该项**涂黑。**

**A**

|  |
| --- |
| *East Daily*                                                 January 4, 2023, Wednesday |
| **THEY NEED YOUR HELP**  This is the chance for you to help those less lucky members. We suggest you give help to the following organizations.  **Orphan（孤儿）House**  Children’s toys, books and clothes are needed here. Also we are looking for friendly families who would like to take our children into their homes for a few hours as guests.  If possible, please phone Mrs. Liu at 88776655.  **Street Food**  In very cold weather, it is no fun being homeless and hungry. We give hot food to at least one hundred people every night. We need new cookers (炊具). Please give us a hand.  If possible, please phone 88775566.  **Youth Club**  Have you got an unwanted chair or a CD player? We need them to work in our meeting room! Please call the secretary. Phone number: 88667755.  We’ll be happy to collect anything you can give us. Thank you!  **Night Shelter（庇护所）**  We offer a warm bed to anyone who has nowhere to go. Although a bed is not expensive, we do not have enough money to pay for enough beds. If you would like to support us some, please send money to us at 15, Landong Street Office. Phone number: 88557766. |

41. The passage appeared in the newspaper in the season of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A. spring B. summer C. autumn D. winter

42. The people who can offer a kind family to an orphan for a few hours may call \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. 88667755 B. 88776655 C. 88775566 D. 88557766

43. To give hot food to so many homeless and hungry people every night, Street Food would like to have \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. toys and books B. beds and chairs C. new cookers D. CD players

44. People can send their money to Night Shelter \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. to buy enough beds B. to buy some hot food

C. to get toys and clothes D. to take unwanted things

**B**

Do you know of SQ3R? It is a reading method named for its five steps: survey, question, read, recite and review. Many students have begun using this method to better understand what they’re reading.

**S=Survey**

Survey means to skim a book. This step helps you gather the information. Go through the pictures, the title or tables, if there are any. Read the first sentence. This survey step only takes 5-10 minutes, but it is very important.

**Q=Question**

Question means to ask yourself, “What’s the book about? What’s the writer trying to tell me?” Once you get an idea of what you’re going to read, then you can read with a better understanding.

**3R=Read, Recite, Review**

①Read the book, looking for the answers to the questions you have had. Picture in your mind what the words are saying.

②Recite the main ideas of what you just read in your mind, or write down the main ideas on paper in your own words.

③Review what you have learned. Make notes to help you review.

Now you have a valuable study tool. Use it to help study for a test. Use it to help remember what you read. Use it to help understand important information.

45. What does the “S” in SQ3R mean?

A. To skim a book first. B. To find some good books.  
C. To ask yourself some questions. D. To review what you have learned.

46. Why should you ask questions before reading a book?

A. To improve your reading speed. B. To remember more words.  
C. To understand the book better. D. To better prepare for exams.

47. Who would be interested in this text?

A. Students who aren’t good at math.

B. Students who have trouble in reading.  
C. A mother whose son likes playing sports.

D. A teacher who is looking for teaching methods.

**C**

I am Garrison. I live on a small farm in Kenya. Since the age of nine, I have helped to look after my family’s cows. As a child, in my free time, I enjoyed trying new ideas. Sometimes I could make my own inventions, such as electronic toys from car parts and peach-picking sticks. I also made other useful daily things for my neighbors.

At the age of 13, I invented something that changed my life. One night, a lion came into my family’s farm and killed one of our cows. I was angry. However, catching the lion, I thought, was not a safe way to solve the problem. So I decided to “invent” a solution.

The first idea I got was to use fire, because I thought the lion was scared of fire. But I came to know that didn’t help, because it was even helping the lion to see through the cowshed (牛棚). However, I didn’t give up. I continued.

And a second idea I got was to use a scarecrow (稻草人). I was trying to trick the lion into thinking that I was standing near the cowshed. But the lion was very clever. It came the first day, saw the scarecrow, and went back. But the second day, it came and found that the scarecrow didn’t move. It was always there! So the lion jumped in and killed another cow.

However, one night, I was walking around the cowshed with a torch (手电筒). To my surprise, the lion didn’t show up. Then I realized that the lion was afraid of a moving light. So I had an idea …

48. What was Garrison interested in when he was a child?

A. Tricking neighbors. B. Looking after cows.

C. Making car parts. D. Trying new ideas.

49. How did the writer finally drive away the lion?

A. Using a stick. B. Using a moving light.

C. Using fire. D. Using a scarecrow.

50. According to the passage, which word can best describe the writer?

A. Creative. B. Thankful. C. Open-minded. D. Outgoing.

51. What is probably the best title of the passage?

A. No pains, no gains B. Love animals, love life

C. It is never too old to learn D. Using your brain makes a difference

D

Do you know about smart cities? What are they like? What can people do in a smart city? Let’s find out.

Imagine living your life like this: when you get up in the morning you say “open the window” to a computer and it opens the window. Then you finish breakfast and sit in front of your desk at home and begin to have classes on the Internet. With a help of building a smart city, this may come true one day.

The idea of a smart city goes back to 2010. A smart city uses smart technologies, such as the Internet to make our lives easier. People live in smart cities, where there is Internet almost everywhere. They can do many things at home, such as booking train tickets, paying water bills and so on.

Now China is making some cities smarter in these ways. For example, Guiyang is going to build free Wi-Fi in the city. Tianjin will start a “Smart City” plan to help reduce traffic jams.

In fact, smart cities are more common in foreign countries. Here are some great ones. Dubuque became the first smart city in the US. The city uses smart water meters (计量器) to let people know how much water they use and how to save water. Copenhage in Denmark has also used smart technologies. For example, most of their traffic lights have sensors (传感器) to give the right way to buses. The city also has parking sensors and they help car drivers find parking spaces.

52. Which city is planning to start a smart city program to solve traffic problems?

A. Beijing. B. Guiyang. C. Tianjin D. Shanghai.

53. How can car drivers find parking spaces in Copenhagen?

A. With the help of Robots. B. With the help of parking sensors.

C. With the help of smart water meters. D. With the help of traffic light sensors.

54. What is NOT true about the smart city?

A. The Internet is almost everywhere.

B. The computer helps people open the window.

C. Smart water meters can’t help people reduce water waste.

D. The idea of a smart city started over 10 years ago.

55. In which section of the newspaper can we find this kind of passage?

A. Sports. B. Health. C. Culture. D. Science and technology.

**第II卷（非选择题 共40分）**

第三部分 阅读理解

第二节 任务型阅读（共5 小题； 每小题2分，满分10分）

阅读下面短文，按要求完成各题。

“Creativity is the key to a bright future,” said education and business experts. Here is how schools and parents can help their children to develop their creativity.

If Dick Drew had listened to his boss in 1925, we might not have a product that we now think of as of great importance: a new kind of tape. Drew worked for the Minnesota Mining Company. At work he invented a kind of material strong enough to hold things together. But his boss told him not to think more about the idea. Drew didn’t stop and finally, using his own time, Drew improved the tape, which now is used everywhere by many people. And the company learned from its mistake. Now the company encourages its workers to spend 15% of their work time just thinking about and developing new ideas.

Creativity is not something one is just born with. A person with high intelligence (智力) does not mean that he uses it creatively. Creativity is the matter of using your intelligence to think of new ideas that are good for something.

We know that many schools have tried to develop students’ creativity, but some teachers only want to develop students’ reading, writing and math skills, and have to give up creativity for correct answers. Children from such schools can give correct answers, but they are unable to use them to work out problems.

It is important to give children choices. From the earliest age, children should learn to make decisions and understand their results. Even though it’s choosing between two kinds of food for lunch, decision-making helps thinking skills. As children grow older, parents should let their children \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ how to use their time or spend their money, but not help them too much if they make the wrong decision. The child may have a hard time, but that is all right.

56题完成句子；57题简略回答问题；58题在文中横线上填上一个适当的词；59题找出并写下全文的主题句；60题将文中划线句子译成汉语。

56. The Minnesota Mining Company now encourages its workers to spend 15% of work time

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

57. What may the children from schools that just develop students’ reading, writing and math skills be like?

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58. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

59. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

60. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

第四部分 综合填空 (共10小题, 每小题1分；满分10分)

用括号中所给词的适当形式填空，使语篇意思完整，必要时请用否定式。

Many have heard of shark fin soup. This famous and expensive dish is 61 (really) popular in southern China. But do you realize that you’re killing a whole shark each time you enjoy a bowl of shark fin soup?

When people catch sharks, they cut off their fins and throw the sharks back into the ocean. This is not only cruel, but also 62 (harm) to the environment. Without a fin, a shark 63 (can) swim any longer and slowly dies. Sharks are at the top of the food chain in the ocean’s ecosystem. If 64 (they) numbers drop too low, it will bring danger to all ocean life. Many believe that sharks can never be endangered because they are the 65 (strong) in their food chain. But in fact, around 70 million sharks 66 (catch) and traded in this industry every year. The numbers of some kinds of sharks 67 (fall) by over 90 percent in the last 20 to 30 years.

68 (environmental) protection groups around the world are teaching the public about “finning”. They have even asked governments 69 (develop) laws to stop the sale of shark fins. So far, no scientific 70 (study) have shown that shark fins are good for health, so why eat them? Help save the sharks!

第五部分 写作（共两节，满分20分）

第一节 语篇归纳（每小题1分；满分5分）

阅读下面的材料，然后在表格中完成内容摘要，每空不超过三个单词。

The eyes are the windows of our soul (灵魂). However, you have to look after them properly. Your eyes need everyday attention.

**Pay more attention to your diet.** Have more fresh fruits, vegetables, fish, eggs and milk. It's good for your eyes. Besides, we should take some Vitamins A and B2 regularly (有规律地).

**Have a regular sleep**. It relaxes the eye muscles (肌肉) and gives them the rest required. Usually, you must sleep for at least seven to eight hours every day, or you will get dark circles under the eyes.

**Exercise eyes every day**. Blink (眨眼) your eyes regularly, which makes the eyeballs watery, and gives them a good wash.

**Use your eyes in right ways**. Rubbing (摩擦) is harmful to your eyes. For example, if a small thing goes into your eye, don’t rub it. Don’t read or write in the sun. Too much reading, writing, watching TV or working on the computer can also cause eyes tired, so a good rest is required.

If you always take care of God’s most beautiful gift, your eyes will be very colorful!

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Tips for looking after your eyes | |
| Pay more attention to your diet. | * Have more fresh fruits, 71 , fish, eggs and milk. * Take Vitamins A and B2 regularly. |
| Have a regular sleep. | Sleep for 72 7 to 8 hours every day. |
| 73 eyes every day. | Blink the eyes regularly. |
| Use your eyes in right ways. | * Don’t rub the eyes. * Don’t read or write 74 . * Don’t read, write, watch TV or 75 on the computer too much. |

**第二节 书面表达**（满分15分）

十月四日是世界动物日，你校组织以“I want to be a volunteer of protecting animals”为题的英语演讲比赛。假如李明参加比赛，请你以“李明”的名义写一篇英语演讲稿推荐自己，内容如下：

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 品质 | 善良，善待动物；勤劳，做额外的事 |
| 爱好 | ……（至少两点） |
| 事迹 | 组织慈善义演，为Save China’s Tigers筹款  ……（至少一点） |
| 感悟 | 动物是人类的朋友  保护动物就是保护我们自己 |
| 打算 | ……（至少两点） |

要求：

1.词数100个左右。演讲稿的开头和结尾已给出，不计入总词数。

2.所写短文必须包括以上内容，自由发挥的内容必须围绕主题。

3.文中不得出现真实的人名、校名、地名等相关信息。

（参考词汇：额外的extra）

**I want to be a volunteer of protecting animals**

Hello, everyone. I’m Li Ming. I want to be a volunteer of protecting animals. I’m glad to make a speech here\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

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If I can be a volunteer,\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_

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Thank you for listening!