

**2022-2023学年下学期枣阳市期中考试（六校联考）**

九年级英语试题

考试时间：120分钟 满分：120分

姓名：\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 班级：\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_考号：\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **题号** | 一 | 二 | 三 | 四 | 五 | 六 | 七 | 总分 |
| **评分** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

注意事项：  
1、填写答题卡的内容用2B铅笔填写  
2、提前 15分钟收取答题卡

第Ⅰ卷 客观题

第Ⅰ卷的注释

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **阅卷人** |  | **一、听力题（每小题1分，共25分）** |
| **得分** |  |

第一节：听小对话，按要求作答。（每小题1分，共5分）

1．Who thinks people will do fewer things in 2100?

A．Oliver. B．Miya. C．Jordan.

2．Which is the girl's dog?

A．The one with a white neck.

B．The brown one.

C．The one with white legs.

3．What time should the woman arrive at her friend's house?

A．At 6: 45. B．At 7: 00. C．At 7: 15

4．What does the girl do after school?

A．She practices the violin.

B．She finishes her homework．

C．She helps her mother do housework.

5．Where is the Friend Restaurant?

A．Beside the cinema.

B．At the first crossing.

C．Opposite the cinema.

第二节;听短对话，选择正确答案。每段对话读两遍。（每小题1分，共5分）

6．Which is Wang Mei's favorite festival?

A．The Chinese New Year.

B．The Mid-Autumn Festival.

C．The Dragon Boat Festival.

7．Why does she like it?

A．Because she can eat mooncakes.

B．Because she can get a lot of presents.

C．Because she can watch some interesting races.

8．Whom will the girl go with for vacation?

A．Her parents. B．Her friends. C．Her sister.

9．When will the girl leave?

A．On June 18th. B．On July 21st. C．On July 28th.

10．How will the girl go there?

A．By bus． B．By train. C．By plane.

第三节：听下面一段独白，独白后有5个小题，请从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选择正确的选项。

11．Which country was the holiday brought from?

A．China. B．America. C．Britain.

12．What do children do on that day?

A．Go to parents workplaces.

B．Have a party.

C．Go on a journey.

13．What can children get from this day?

A．Make money.

B．Make friends.

C．Understand parent's work.

14．What's Sam's father?

A．A doctor. B．A taxi driver. C．A farmer.

15．How did Sam feel about this holiday?

A．Interesting. B．Exciting. C．Boring.

第四节：听下面一段长对话，回答问题。（每小题1分，共5分）

16．Why are young boys crazy about hip-hop dancing?

A．Because they want to be famous stars.

B．Because they hope to be in a movie one day.

C．Because they can invent their own moves and show their love to life.

17．How old is hip-hop dancing?

A．Over 30 years. B．Over 300 years. C．Over 3,000 years.

18．Where could people see hip-hop dancing in early times?

A．In New York. B．In London. C．In Paris.

19．When did hip-hop dancing become popular all over the world?

A．In 1970. B．In 1980. C．In 1983.

20．What helped hip-hop dancing become popular?

A．A song. B．A movie. C．A book.

第五节：听对话，请从A、B、C 三个选项中选择正确的选项，完成信息记录表。

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| A Wonderful Trip to Mexico | |
| Number of the group | 21． . |
| How long | 22． weeks. |
| Time of traveling | In 23． . |
| Food | 24． . |
| What did the speaker think of her host family? 25． . | |

21．A．5 B．50 C．15

22．A．Three B．Thirteen C．Ten

23．A．autumn B．summer C．winter

24．A．Rice B．Beef C．Sandwiches

25．A．They are strict B．They are humorous C．They're nice

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **阅卷人** |  | **二、单选题（每小题1分，共10分）** |
| **得分** |  |

26．— There's a terrible \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ coming from the children's bedroom. What's happening?

— It's OK. They're just playing games and having fun.

A．noise B．pain C．voice D．call.

27．— Sally, your mother went on a trip to Yunnan last week.

— Yes. She says that she \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for home in two days.

A．leaves B．will leave C．has left D．left

28．Drive slowly and carefully on the snowy road, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a small accident will happen.

A．but B．and C．or D．so

29．— I wonder \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ people stayed in touch with each other before the phone was invented

— By writing letters.

A．where B．why C．when D．how

30．— Do you like watching movies on your mobile phone? ..

— No. I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ do that because the screen is too small.

A．always B．often C．usually D．seldom

31．Mark finished the hard work all by himself. He didn't ask \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for help.

A．somebody B．nobody C．anybody D．everybody

32．— What a heavy rainstorm it was yesterday !

— Yes. Several high-speed trains were \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ because of it.

A．allowed B．controlled C．prevented D．cancelled

33．— Many students don't know how to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ stress and become worried.

— I think they'd better ask their teachers for help.

A．argue with B．help with C．deal with D．share with

34．— I'm going to go on a vacation in Guilin next month.

— \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_!

A．Don't worry B．Not at all C．What a pity D．Have fun

35．— Our English teacher always keeps his lessons very \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_。

— That's why he's so popular among the students.

A．boring B．lovely C．serious D．lively

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **阅卷人** |  | **三、完形填空（每小题1分，共15分）** |
| **得分** |  |

36．完形填空

What might life be like if you looked very different from others? Most of us are （1） to be born with "normal" faces. But the movie Wonder （2） us that there is no such thing as being normal and that beauty is more than skin-deep(表面的).

Based on a bestselling novel, the movie is （3） boy named Auggie. He has a facial deformity (面部畸形). He has spent most of his life being home-schooled. （4） as he enters middle school, his parents decide to send him to a private school. There, Auggie must （5） judgmental(爱评头论足的)classmates and learn to accept （6） as he is.

In the United States, most kids are taught that it is （7） to be different. People don't look down upon being unique(独特的). They celebrate it.

But some kids have （8） accepting uniqueness. It is easy to pick on someone who is different, （9） if you have your own problems to deal with. This is （10） central theme(主题) from the movie -- even the kids who pick on Auggie have their own personal struggles.

As Auggie's classmates get to know him （11） , they come to （12） that he's a nice kid with a great （13） of humor. They start to change their attitude toward him. In real life, it may （14） longer to see such changes happen. But （15） we give people a chance, their hearts and minds may change in the end.

（1）A．good B．busy C．funny D．lucky

（2）A．gives B．shows C．offers D．leads

（3）A．about B．for C．with D．like

（4）A．Or B．Because C．But D．Although

（5）A．talk to B．look after C．deal with D．play against

（6）A．himself B．him C．them D．us

（7）A．strange B．OK C．impossible D．beautiful

（8）A．fun B．interest C．difficulty D．methods

（9）A．completely B．possibly C．secretly D．especially

（10）A．other B．one C．first D．another

（11）A．better B．well C．less D．little

（12）A．find B．guess C．check D．regard

（13）A．feelings B．trouble C．sense D．taste

（14）A．spend B．take C．need D．pay

（15）A．what B．how C．why D．if

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **阅卷人** |  | **四、阅读理解（每小题2分，共40分）** |
| **得分** |  |

37．阅读理解

There is a nine-year-old kid sitting at his desk and all of a sudden, there is water between his feet and his pants are wet. He thinks his heart is going to stop. It's never happened before, and he knows that when the boys find out he will never hear the end of it. When the girls find out, they'll never speak to him again.

The boy puts his head down and prays, "Dear God, this is an exception! I need help now! I'm over." He looks up from his prayer and here comes the teacher with a look in her eyes that says he has been discovered.

As the teacher is walking toward him, a classmate named Susie is carrying a goldfish bowl that is filled with water. Susie trips(绊倒)in front of the teacher and throws the bowl of water on the boy's legs.

The boy seems to be angry, but all the while is saying to himself, "Thank you, Lord! Thank you, Lord!" All of a sudden, the ridicule(嘲笑)that should have been his goes to someone else—Susie. She tries to help. But they tell her to get out. The teacher gives him gym shorts to put on while his pants are dried out. All the other children are on their hands and knees cleaning up around his desk.

Finally, at the end of the day, as they are waiting for the bus, the boy walks over to Susie and whispers, "You did that on purpose(故意), didn't you?" Susie whispers back, "I wet my pants once too."

（1）\_\_\_\_\_ in the story know the truth about the wet pants.

A．None B．Two people C．Three people D．Four people

（2）The underlined sentence in Paragraph 1 means\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

A．the boys would never play with him

B．the boys would treat him as usual

C．he would hardly hear any praise from the boys

D．he would be laughed at by the boys endlessly

（3）Susie throws water on the boy because she\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

A．wants to save the boy from trouble

B．likes playing tricks on her classmates

C．is too careless with the goldfish bowl

D．wants the teacher to know the truth

（4）We can learn from the passage that\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A．Susie felt deeply sorry for her foolish mistake

B．Susie used to be in the same trouble as the boy

C．the boy doesn't get along well with his classmates

D．nobody but the teacher helps the boy in the accident

38．阅读理解

As time goes by, are you still the same person you used to be? Many of you would think you are. But according to a new study, your personality can change greatly. You could be a completely different person at 77, compared to when you were a 14-year-old, reported The Huffington Post.

Psychologists(心理学家) at the UK's University of Edinburgh did the study on a group of Scottish people. The research found that almost everyone's personality changed when they grow old. The findings are published in a journal called Psychology and Aging.

The research is based on a study that began in 1950. A group of teachers gave more than1, 200 14-year-old students personality tests. They tested six basic personality traits(个性特点): self-confidence, sense of responsibility, perseverance (耐性), strong wishes to win, creativity and moods.

In 2012, researchers successfully found 174 of those 1, 200 students, who were 77 years old on average at the time. They agreed to take a personality test similar to the one they had completed 63 years earlier.

Researchers then compared the then-and-now test results. They were surprised to find great changes to all six personality traits of these people. Moods and sense of responsibility had changed less. But there were still not too many similarities between the two results.

The younger and older self seemed to be totally different for each person. It was "as if the second tests had been given to different people," the study's authors noted.

In the past, personality was widely believed to be stable(稳定的). William James, the father of American psychology, said that personality is "set like plaster(石膏板) ." This new study may bring some fresh ideas to the theory(理论).

（1）What did the UK scientists study in this story?

A．Blood type B．Eye color

C．Personality D．Working ability

（2）How many people did the test in 2012?

A．77 B．1,200 C．174 D．63

（3）Which of the following is TRUE?

A．Scientists did research on a group of Irish teenagers.

B．The personality test studied six basic traits.

C．The 2012 personality test was very different from the original one.

D．The test results about creativity and mood did not change.

（4）What did William James believe?

A．A person's personality hardly changes.

B．A person's personality can change with time.

C．Different people have different personalities.

D．Even plaster has a personality.

39．阅读理解



Rachel Carson(1907-1964) was a pioneer of the world's environmental movement through her writing about the protection of the natural world. Her 1962 book *Silent Spring* made her well known by many people. It describes the harmful changes in the environment of using toxic chemicals (有毒化学物质) on farmland.

Carson first worked as a biologist in the US Bureau of Fisheries. In 1951, her first book *The Sea Around Us* came out. It became a bestseller. It made her rich enough to leave her job and spend all her life in writing. She was a talented writer. Her next two books were also about the oceans and both on the top of the book sales lists.

Carson's book *Silent Spring* completely changed the way Americans thought about nature. It painted a bleak(荒凉的) future for the whole natural world. It led to a nationwide ban(禁止) on the use of a deadly chemical called DDT, and other toxic pesticides(农药) that farmers used for their crops. Many people say the book led to the creation of America's Environmental Protection Agency.

Since her death, Carson's name has continued to be connected with protecting the environment. There is now a yearly Rachel Carson Book Prize. Norway gives the Rachel Carson Prize to women who have done a lot on environmental protection. In 1980, 16 years after her death, she was given the Presidential Medal of Freedom, the highest civilian honour in America.

（1）What most probably made Rachel Carson leave her job?

A．She got a prize.

B．She published *Silent Spring*.

C．*The Sea Around Us* brought her enough money.

D．The US government got to know her researches.

（2）Why is the book *Silent Spring* important to America's environmental protection?

A．It describes a silent spring.

B．It topped the book sales lists.

C．It changed how Americans thought about nature.

D．It includes all Carson's research achievements.

（3）What does the underlined word "It" in Paragraph 3 mean?

A．The book *Silent Spring.*

B．The way America thought.

C．The US Bureau of Fisheries.

D．America's Environmental Protection Agency.

（4）Why was Rachel Carson awarded the Presidential Medal of Freedom?

A．She published the book *Silent Spring*.

B．She did a lot of researches for the US Bureau of Fisheries.

C．She donated much money to the Rachel Carson Book Prize.

D．She made a great difference to the environmental protection.

阅读理解

The women in the Watson family all- like ballet. These days, Alice Watson gives ballet lessons, but for many years, she was a dancer at the National Ballet Company. Her mother, Hannah, also had a full-time-job there, making clothes for the dancers.

Alice's daughter Demi started learning ballet shortly after she could walk. "I never taught her," says Alice," because she never let me. "Now at the age of 16, Demi dances at the National Ballet Company.

"When Demi started dancing, the house was too small for her and Alice to practice in so I made the garage(车库)into a dancing room. Now the living room is nice and quiet when I'm watching TV!" says Jack, Alice's husband.

Last month, Demi was invited to dance in the ballet Swan Lake. Of course, Alice, Jack and Hannah all went to watch her. That was special for Demi. Jack. says, "I'm not that interested in ballet myself but it's fantastic seeing Demi taking her first steps with Alice's old company!" Demi was wearing a dress that Hannah made for Alice many years before.

"It was very exciting for all of us," says Hannah. "Demi's way of dancing is very like Alice's. I know I'm her grandmother, "but I think she has a great future!"

40．What does Alice do these days?

A．She teaches ballet. B．She takes ballet classes.

C．She dances .in a company. D．She makes clothes for dancers.

41．How did Jack help Alice and Demi?

A．He bought them a big house.

B．He kept quiet when they danced.

C．He turned the garage into a dancing room.

D．He let them use the living room for dancing.

42．What does the underlined word "That" in Paragraph 4 refer to?

A．Demi wore her mother's dress.

B．Swan Lake was Demi's first dance show.

C．Demi's grandmother made a dress for her.

D．Demi's family went to watch her dance show.

43．What's the best title for the passage?

A．A young ballet star B．A special ballet show

C．A famous dance company D．A family of ballet dancers

阅读理解

What do you think you'll do when you're 90 years old? Few people want to take up new challenges at that age.

At the age of 93, he acted in The Old Barber(《剃头匠》), a movie about the life of an old barber. He needed to remember all his lines(台词), and live with the other actors for weeks.

His name is Jing Kui. He took up the challenge. He finished the film, and even won a special acting prize. Mr. Jing was a barber all his life. Born in 1913, he started to learn how to cut hair at age 15. Five years later, he had his own barbershop. When he was 88, he was still working. The only difference was that he began to travel from home to home to serve the people. Most of them were very old. His story moved people around him, as well as the film director. He decided to make a film about him.

At age 93.the old barber got up early to remember his lines each day. He worked hard at it for he didn't want to disappoint the director. The movie director was worried because he didn't know if Mr. Jing could keep it going until the filming was done. But Mr. Jing did better than the director had thought.

44．When did Mr. Jing act in The Old Barber?

A．At age 83. B．At age 88. C．At age 90. D．At age 93.

45．The success of The Old Barber \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A．brought Mr. Jing a better job B．got Mr. Jing interested in acting

C．brought Mr. Jing an' acting prize D．let Mr. Jing know more directors

46．What do we know about the director of The Old Barber?

A．It was his first movie.

B．He also acted in the movie.

C．It took him a year to make it.

D．He was happy with Mr. Jing's work.

47．What can we learn from Mr. Jing's story?

A．Health comes first. B．Age is just a number.

C．Good jobs are hard to find D．Work makes people happy.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **阅卷人** |  | **五、选词填空（词汇运用）（5分）** |
| **得分** |  |

48．用方框中所给单词的适当形式填空，每空一词。

|  |
| --- |
| regret avoid probable shy nation |

（1）To deal with her 　 　, the girl made a speech in front of the whole class.

（2）Mary said she 　 　arguing with her mother on her study yesterday evening.

（3）The dragon is regarded as a　 　 symbol of China.

（4）My father usually goes to work early to 　 　 heavy traffic.

（5）This answer 　 　is the best one for this question.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **阅卷人** |  | **六、补全对话（10分）** |
| **得分** |  |

根据对话内容，从方框内的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项,其中有两个为多余选项。

A: Hi, Mark. You look so sad. 　49．

B: l didn't pass the English test, Bert. I can't learn English well and I'm always worried about it.

A: I'm sorry to hear that. 　50．

B: I know you're good at English. 　51．

A: l study with a group. It's better than to study alone.

B: I agree. 　52．

A: Certainly. We can learn from each other.

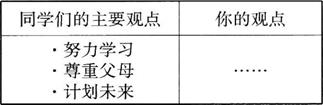
B: Great! When can I join you?

A: 　53．

B: That's very kind of you.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| A. What's wrong?  B. What should I do?  C. Tomorrow if you like.  D. How do you study it?  E. But don't worry about it.  F. Could I join your study group?  G. I listen to thy teacher in class. | | |
| **阅卷人** |  | **七、书面表达(15分)** | |
| **得分** |  |

54．某英语教育网站正在开展主题为"How can a teenager have a successful life?"的讨论，为此你采访了一些同学（结果见下表）。请据此用英语写一篇短文参与讨论，并阐述你的观点。



注意：⑴短文必须包括表中所有内容，可适当增加细节；

⑵你的观点至少两条；

⑶词数：80—100；

⑷短文首句仅供选择使用，不计人总词数。

参考词汇：尊重respect

I have recently done a survey about how a teenager can have a successful life. …

**答案解析部分**

1．【答案】A

2．【答案】C

3．【答案】A

4．【答案】C

5．【答案】C

【答案】6．C

7．C

【答案】8．A

9．B

10．C

【答案】11．B

12．A

13．C

14．B

15．C

【答案】16．C

17．A

18．A

19．C

20．B

【答案】21．C；22．A；23．B；24．C；25．C

26．【答案】A

27．【答案】B

28．【答案】C

29．【答案】D

30．【答案】D

31．【答案】C

32．【答案】D

33．【答案】C

34．【答案】D

35．【答案】D

36．【答案】（1）D；（2）B；（3）A；（4）C；（5）C；（6）A；（7）B；（8）C；（9）D；（10）D；（11）A；（12）A；（13）C；（14）B；（15）D

37．【答案】（1）C

（2）D

（3）A

（4）B

38．【答案】（1）C

（2）C

（3）B

（4）A

39．【答案】（1）C

（2）C

（3）A

（4）D

【答案】40．A

41．C

42．D

43．D

【答案】44．D

45．C

46．D

47．B

48．【答案】（1）shyness

（2）regretted

（3）national

（4）avoid

（5）probably

【答案】49．A；50．E；51．D；52．F；53．C

54．【答案】暂未更新