

2022 年下期九年级期末质量监测卷

I. 听力技能 (两个部分, 共 20 小题, 计 20 分)

第一节 (共 5 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 5 分)

对话理解。听下面 5 段对话, 每段对话后有一个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项, 并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后, 你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话读两遍。

1. Where is Susan?
A. In the kitchen. B. In her bedroom. C. In the bathroom.
2. What subject is the boy interested in?
A. Art. B. Science. C. Physics.
3. How is the girl feeling now?
A. Worried. B. Tired. C. Excited.
4. What will the weather be like tomorrow?
A. Sunny. B. Rainy. C. Windy.
5. Who are the speakers talking about?
A. A movie star. B. A singer. C. A writer.

第二节 听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个项中选出最佳选项, 并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前, 你将有时间阅读各个小题, 每小题 5 秒钟; 听完后, 各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。(共 15 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 15 分)

听第 6 段材料, 回答第 6 至 7 题。

6. What is the woman going to do?
A. Visit a friend. B. Do some shopping. C. Have lunch.
7. How is the woman going there?
A. By bike. B. By bus. C. On foot.

听第 7 段材料, 回答第 8 至 9 题。

8. How long does it take to get to London from Bristol by train?
A. Half an hour. B. One hour. C. One and half an hour.
9. When will the woman come back from London?
A. On Friday. B. On Saturday. C. On Sunday.

听第 8 段材料, 回答第 10 至 12 题。

10. What does Justin do?
A. A writer. B. An engineer. C. A driver.
11. Where is Justin from?
A. Canada. B. America. C. Britain.
12. Who have taken part in the activity?
A. Many teachers. B. Many drivers. C. Many college students.

听第 9 段材料, 回答第 13 至 16 题。

13. What are the two speakers talking about?
A. A Christmas dinner. B. A new year dinner. C. A birthday dinner.
14. Where are the speakers going to have their dinner?
A. In the park. B. In a restaurant. C. At home.
15. What's the man's favorite type of restaurant food?
A. Japanese food. B. Chinese food. C. Korean food.
16. When are the speakers going to have dinner?
A. On Friday. B. On Saturday. C. On Sunday.

听第 10 段材料, 回答第 17 至 20 题。

17. When are the students going to New York?
A. Next month. B. Next week. C. Next year.

18. Who should the students stay with?
A. The local family. B. Their classmates. C. Their teachers.
19. How much money should a student take?
A. \$500. B. \$1000. C. \$1500.
20. What should the students wear?
A. A red coat. B. A blue trousers. C. A red hat.

II. 知识运用 (两个部分, 共 20 小题, 计 20 分)

第一节 单项填空 从 A、B、C 三个选项中选择正确的答案填空。(共 10 小题, 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

21. We should take _____ umbrella because it is raining hard now.
A. a B. an C. the
22. It is often _____ to ask very direct questions when you meet someone for the first time.
A. polite B. necessary C. impolite
23. — _____ did he writer feel when his mom said "Please be back by ten"?
— He felt angry.
A. How B. Why C. Where
24. My sister used to have _____ friends, but now she has many friends.
A. more B. few C. much
25. —Home is _____ place wherever you go.
—Yes. East or west, home is the best.
A. warm B. warmer C. the warmest
26. We usually plan to do _____, or go somewhere together.
A. something interesting B. interesting something C. nothing interesting
27. —I wonder if these are Jim's glasses.
— They _____ be his. He doesn't wear glasses.
A. mustn't B. can't C. needn't
28. Do you think teenagers should be _____ away from the internet?
A. kept B. keeps C. keeping
29. _____ we often ask questions during or after class, we will learn more.
A. Although B. Unless C. If
30. —Excuse me, would you tell me _____ the famous historical place?
—Sure. Go along this street and turn right at the first crossing. It's on your left.
A. When I can get to B. how I can get to C. how can I get to

第二节 完形填空 通读下面的短文, 掌握其大意, 然后从各题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个最佳答案。(共 10 小题, 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分) 2

I am a Grade 9 student. I love the National Day holiday a lot, 31 I can have a good rest and do many things I enjoy. How did I spend the seven-day holiday last year? I didn't travel or visit friends. Instead, I 32 a part-time job.

That was the first time I had been a 33. It was harder than I had thought. At first, I was not good at the job, and I nearly split (洒出) the soup on a woman's dress. Some people were very 34 and they got angry with me because of my mistakes. I was so upset and tired that I was almost ready to 35 the first afternoon.



A family 36 three children came to have dinner the next day. The children were asking for things all the time. I tried my best to 37 them well. Then the father said to me, "Good job! Thank you very much for 38 us." His words were just like a light in the dark. My tiredness suddenly went away. In the following days, I got used to the job little by little, and I had fun working in the restaurant.

When I got the money at last, I felt very happy. The 39 taught me that many jobs are not easy. Everyone is great when they are working hard. The most important thing I learned is how much praise matters to people. It can give us lots of strength (力量). I think my National Day holiday last year was interesting and 40.

31. A. because B. so C. though

- | | | |
|----------------|----------------|---------------|
| 32. A. made | B. found | C. lost |
| 33. A. cleaner | B. helper | C. waiter |
| 34. A. kind | B. unfriendly | C. friendly |
| 35. A. give up | B. look up | C. stand up |
| 36. A. in | B. for | C. with |
| 37. A. praise | B. serve | C. like |
| 38. A. helping | B. giving | C. teaching |
| 39. A. effort | B. examination | C. experience |
| 40. A. harmful | B. meaningful | C. painful |

III 阅读技能 (两个部分, 共 20 小题, 满分 40 分)

第一节 阅读选择 阅读短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中, 选出最佳选项回答问题或完成句子。(共 15 小题, 每小题 2 分, 满分 30 分)

A

Can the “double reduction” policy (双减政策) really help you? Some students have different answers. Let’s have a look.

Shen Yuzhe, 13, Beijing

It really helps me a lot. I don’t need to do too much homework. I can finish it at school. I don’t need to take it home. I can swim or play ping-pong with my father. I’m very happy.

Zhang Hangming, 13, Tianjin

I like the “double reduction” policy very much, because I can have free time to do my favorite things on Saturdays and Sundays. I like to play the piano and play volleyball. I join a music club and I can go there on Saturdays.

Yu Zhiyue, 14, Jiangsu

With the “double reduction” policy, I really have less homework to do. But now I can only take tutoring classes (辅导班) from Monday to Friday. So Monday is a very long day for me. On that day, I need to have classes on the computer at home after school. I am very tired.

Cui Ruqi, 12, Liaoning

It makes me have happy weekends. I can play the piano or read my favorite books on the weekend. I want to be a musician like my mother. She can play the piano very well.

41. What can Shen Yuzhe do after school now?
A. Play ping-pong. B. Read books. C. Play the piano.
42. How many students like the “double reduction” policy?
A. Two. B. Three. C. Four.
43. Who have the same hobby?
A. Shen Yuzhe and Cui Ruqi. B. Zhang Hangming and Yu Zhiyue.
C. Zhang Hangming and Cui Ruqi.

B

On the night of Oct 29, during Halloween celebrations, a deadly stampede (踩踏事故) happened in Seoul, South Korea. It killed at least 156 people, mostly teenagers, including four Chinese nationals, Xinhua reported.

On that night, around 100,000 people gathered in Seoul’s Itaewon district (梨泰院地区) for the country’s biggest no-mask outdoor Halloween event since the pandemic began. According to police, the accident happened around 10:30 pm when many young people walked into a narrow alley (巷子), just 3.2 meters wide.

Yoon Hee-keun, a leader of South Korea’s National Police Agency, said he “feels a heavy responsibility”. Police officers who received the calls failed to deal with the stampede, he added. The following is some advice about how to stay safe in a stampede.

- Always try to stay on your feet.
- Lift your hands up to your chest. It gives you space and protects your chest.
- Do not push against the crowd and do not scream. Use body language to communicate.
- Hold people up if someone gives his hand for help.



- Keep moving by crawling in the same direction of the crowd if you fall and cannot get up.
- 44. When did the stampede happen in Seoul?
A. On October 9. B. On November 5. C. On October 29.
- 45. How many people got together to celebrate Halloween in Seoul's Itaewon district?
A. About 100,000 people. B. About 15,000 people. C. About 304,000 people.
- 46. What should you do if you are in a stampede?
A. Ask for help loudly. B. Lift hands up to the chest.
C. Don't move if you fall down.
- 47. What is the best title of this news?
A. A murder happened in Seoul. B. A Halloween celebration.
C. A stampede happened in Seoul on Halloween.

C

Once there were two good friends Tom and Tony. They were classmates. Tom was a top student. Tom was always chosen to perform in all school programs and was famous throughout school programs and was famous throughout school. He was always ahead of Tony in all fields.



One day when Tony returned home from school he was feeling **blue**. When his mother saw that, she said, "Why do you look like a cry baby?" Tony replied, "It's all because of Tom. Once again he got higher marks than me and no matter how hard I try, he is always ahead of me."

Mother questioned, "Are you jealous (妒忌的) of Tom?" Tony replied, "No, no, why I would be jealous of him. He is my friend."

Mother continued, "When Tom is ahead of you, you don't like it. When he loses, you feel happy. Tell me. Do you feel all of these?" Tony was surprised with what he heard and said, "It's true but how did you know about this?"

Mother replied, "Your face shows it all. When you heartily appreciate (欣赏) the good qualities in others, those qualities will develop in you."

Tony began to think, "Tom studies hard every day. He always follows his timetable..."

Tony felt inspired (受鼓舞的) from that day. He began to notice and appreciate Tom's good qualities. Within no time, he also became a good boy like Tom. He wasn't jealous of Tom any more. And he was making progress in all fields.

- 48. What is the closest meaning of the underlined word "**blue**"?
A. Sad. B. Mad. C. Worried.
- 49. Which of the following is **TRUE**?
A. Tony was never jealous of Tom. B. Tony learned to appreciate Tom.
C. Tony was more famous at school than Tony.
- 50. After Tony felt inspired from that day, he began to notice that Tom was _____.
A. careless B. hard-working C. impolite
- 51. What can we learn from the story?
A. We should be friendly to others. B. We should be ahead of others in all fields.
C. We should focus our energy on others' good qualities.

D

Time flies when you play on your smartphone. But when you get down to study, one hour feels like a year. Why are we so attracted by smartphones but easily bored by studying? Because there is dopamine (多巴胺).

Dopamine is a "pleasure chemical" that makes people feel good. Our brains give it out when we eat delicious food, after we exercise or when we get a prize.



Compared with studying, playing on smartphones causes our brains to give out more dopamine. But why? When we visit media, we don't know what we'll see next, or who will give ideas about things. This "magic of maybe", makes the dopamine active. We get excited wondering if we have messages from our friends. When our expectations (期待) are met, dopamine is given out.

And to find more dopamine, we continue checking our phones. Studying doesn't provide such magic. Without this excitement, we get bored much more easily.

Can we do something to change that? According to scientists, apps can become less attractive if we turn off notices or change the screen colors to black and white. We can also set time limits on apps to avoid using them too much.

"As for studying, you could check your progress daily or weekly." said Daniel Wong, writer of The Happy Student. "You could also search for interesting things in your textbook. Use what you've learned to make an influence in the real world. This will make knowledge much more interesting to learn."

52. What do students feel when they study?

- A. Time passes more slowly.
- C. Time passes quickly.

B. Time is limited.

53. When do people have more dopamine?

- A. When they stay at home.
- C. When they know what will happen next.

B. When their expectations are met.

54. How can we do to make learning interesting according to Daniel?

- A. Read the interesting part in your textbooks.
- B. Stop playing and find more interests in real life.
- C. Use what we learn from textbooks to do things in real life.

55. Which of the following is **true**?

- A. Playing on smartphones can cause more dopamine.
- B. Getting more messages from our friends can make us stupid.
- C. Changing the screen colors to black and white can make us happy.

第二节 阅读表达 阅读下面的材料，然后根据材料内容回答所提的问题。（共 5 小题，每小题 2 分，满分 10 分）

Once a gentleman was traveling by train. He felt thirsty and got off at a station to look for some water. But when he got to the water tap, the train had started. He ran back but missed it.



It was getting late. So he asked about the next train. When he came to know that the next train was tomorrow, he decided to find a place for a night's stay. It was getting dark and he could not find a place near the station.

At last he reached a small village. He asked a villager if he could stay in his house for a night. The villager agreed. The villager cooked him food and gave him a room to stay. But he did not ask for anything in return.

At seven in the evening, the gentleman heard a knock (敲) at the door. The villager opened the door. It was a rich man in black. He asked the man to pay his debts (债务).

The next morning, the gentleman left some money on the bed. When the villager found the money, he also found a note. It said, "You helped me but didn't want any pay from me. Yesterday I heard the conversation between you and the rich man. I know that you were in need of money. This is what you need."

56. Why did the gentleman get off the train?

57. When would the next train come?

58. Who gave the gentleman some food and a room to stay?

59. Was the villager a rich man?

60. What can you learn from the story?

IV. 写作技能（四个部分，满分 40 分）

第一节 综合填空。 阅读下面材料，用不多于 1 个单词的正确形式填空。（共 10 个小题，每小题 1 分，满分 10 分）

Do you know that there are two special days for parents 61 America? One is Mother's Day on the 62 (two) Sunday of May, and the 63 is Fathers Day on the third Sunday of June. On these two days, 64 (America) children often give gifts to their parents

or take them out for lunch or dinner. Common gifts are flowers and 65 (card) for mothers and shirts or ties for fathers. I heard that it is 66 (become) more and more popular to celebrate Mother's Day and Father's Day in China. I wonder 67 children over there also give similar gifts to their parents. I believe that there are many ways to show 68 (we) love. Actually, we don't have to spend a lot 69 money. It is also a good idea 70 (help) parents to do something instead.

第二节 补全对话 (共 5 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 5 分)

阅读下面对话, 从对话后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

A: Hello, Ann. You look very happy.
B: Yeah, I've just received a postcard. I really like it.
A: Let me have a look. Oh, what a nice card. 71
B: Chen Wei, a Chinese boy.
A: Chen Wei? 72
B: Yes. Two years ago, he came to our school. But he returned home last year.
A: 73
B: From Beijing, a beautiful city where there are a lot of tourists.
A: 74
B: Yes. He also has invited me to go to Beijing with you.
A: Really? 75
B: So am I.

- A. Do you often go to Beijing?
C. Where did he post it to you?
E. I'm glad to hear that.
G. I remember he used to study in your class.

B. Do you often write letters to each other?
D. Who came to your school?
F. Who posted it to you?

第三节 英汉互译 阅读下面的短文, 将划线部分的句子译成汉语或英语。(共 5 个小题, 每小题 2 分, 满分 10 分)

Haze(雾霾) is a kind of air pollution in which the air is filled with dust and smoke. Haze stops people from breathing and seeing things clearly.76. 它对人们的健康很有害。

This kind of pollution comes from all kinds of sources, especially natural and man-made sources. 77. Many factories produce the smoke that seriously influences the air.

Haze has done great harm to our daily life. For example,78. many traffic accidents happen because of the haze weather.

People have realized the great harm caused by the smoke and the importance of protecting the environment.79. People all over the world are taking actions to keep the air clean. The government advises people to use public transportation to go to school or work.

Besides, we should pull together to plant more trees to improve the environment. 80. 不要忘记我们仅仅只有一个地球。

第四节 情景作文 (15 分)

今年元旦节, 你校举行了一次为贫困儿童募捐的慈善 (charity) 活动。假如你参加了这次活动, 请你根据下面表格的提示写一篇英语短文, 介绍此次活动情况。

时间	元月 1 日上午
地点	学校操场
目的	帮助贫困孩子
筹到物资	各种学习用品
	8 千多元钱
你的感想	不少于三点

写作要求:
1. 短文内容必须包含所给要点, 并适当发挥;
2. 文中不能出现学生的真实姓名、校名;
3. 词数 80 左右。开头已给出, 不计入总词数。

Our school held a charity activity to raise money for children in poor areas. _____

