**贵阳市花溪区高坡民族中学2023-2024学年度第一学期期中**



**九年级 英语测试卷**

(时间:100分钟　满分:90分)

第一部分　完形(共两节,满分16分)

第一节　(共6小题;每小题1分,满分6分)

阅读下面短文,从短文前的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有一个为多余选项。

A.sound　B.in　C.for　D.when　E.politely　F.whom　G.to

　　When you visit a foreign country,it is important to know how to ask for help 1.　 　.For example,you may ask “Where are the restrooms?”or “Could you please tell me where the restrooms are?”These are similar requests 2.　 　 directions.Both are correct,but the first one sounds less polite.That is because it is a very direct question.It is not enough to just ask a question correctly.We also need to learn how to be polite 3.　 　 we ask for help.

Good speakers change the way they speak 4.　 　 different situations.The expressions they use might depend on 5.　 　 they are speaking to or how well they know each other.It is all right to ask your classmates direct questions because you know them well.However,if you say to your teacher,“When is the school trip?”,this might

6.　 　 impolite.But if you say,“Excuse me,Mr.West.Do you know when the school trip is?”,this will sound much more polite.

第二节　(共10小题;每小题1分,满分10分)

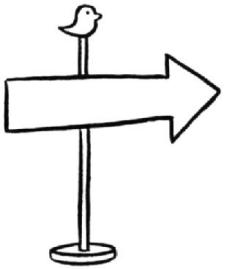
阅读下面短文,从短文后各题所给的A、B、C三个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳

选项。

Are you traveling to an English-speaking country?If you are,one of the most important things you need to know is 　7　 to ask for directions.Here are some useful phrases.

Remember to be 　8　 when asking for directions,and don’t forget to say “Thank you”.

“How do I get to...”—This is the simplest 　9　 to ask someone for directions.When you use this phrase,the other person either will tell you which mode of transport(交通方式) to take or will 　10　 your route(路线).



“Where exactly(确切地) am I?”—Sometimes in order to understand the directions well,you have to 　11　 where exactly you are.For example,which street you are on.

“What is the quickest way to get to...”—Let us say that you have to go somewhere 　12　 train,and the train comes at certain times,then you need to get to the train station quickly.If you need to go somewhere 　13　,ask this question.

“Where is...”—This phrase is also useful 　14　 you ask for directions.If you know you are very close to your destination(目的地) and you just need a little guidance in finding the place,you can 　15　 this phrase.

Now you are ready to travel to an English-speaking country and to ask for directions.Enjoy your 　16　 and have fun!

( )7.A.who B.where C.how

( )8.A.polite B.quiet C.honest

( )9.A.reason B.skill C.way

( )10.A.study B.change C.explain

( )11.A.work out B.find out C.bring out

( )12.A.by B.on C.with

( )13.A.often B.suddenly C.fast

( )14.A.since B.before C.when

( )15.A.use B.miss C.invent

( )16.A.meals B.shows C.travels

第二部分　阅读(共三节,满分44分)

第一节　(共12小题;每小题2分,满分24分)

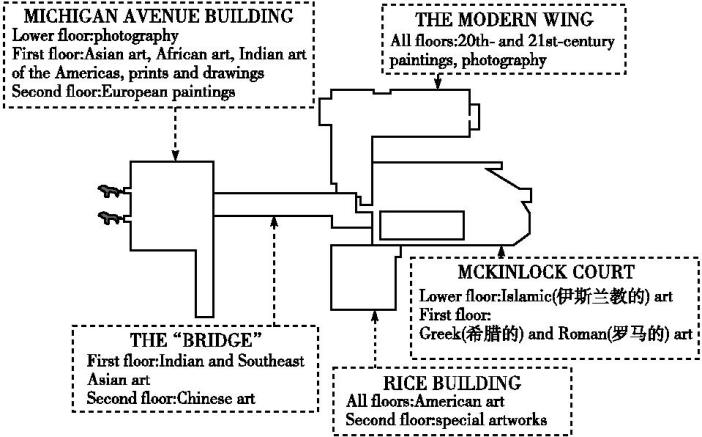
阅读下面三个语篇,从每题所给的A、B、C三个选项中,选出最佳选项。

A

Welcome to the Art Museum!

You’ve just stepped into one of the world’s greatest collections of art,covering centuries of human creativity from around the world.With thousands of works on show,you may wonder how to start your visit,so we are here to help.On the back of this Visitor Guide,you’ll find directions to some must-see works in our collections—the “don’t miss” list for the Art Museum.It’s a great choice to start if you are new to the museum.

The following pages include a clear floor plan of the museum and its collections.But because we have several buildings,the overlook(鸟瞰图) below might be helpful.Enjoy your visit and feel free to ask for help and directions at any point during your stay.



( )17.What can we see in the “don’t miss” list for the Art Museum?

A.Some free paintings. B.Some must-see works. C.Some new collections.

( )18.How many parts does the overlook of the museum include?

A.Two. B.Three. C.Five.

( )19.Which part of the museum shows Chinese art?

A.The “Bridge”. B.Rice Building. C.The Modern Wing.

( )20.The passage is a page from 　　　.

A.a magazine B.a newspaper C.a visitor guide

B

One day Mrs.Wilson went shopping with Tracy and Ben.They went to the supermarket in the new shopping center.

“Why do you buy things here?” Tracy wanted to know.“Because they are cheaper here than at the corner store near our home,”Mrs.Wilson said.“Help me check the prices,please.”



The Wilsons were not rich and Mrs.Wilson was always careful with her money.She looked carefully at the prices of things.She bought lots of things in the supermarket.When they got home,the children said,“We don’t think you saved money by going to the supermarket.”

“Of course I did,” Mrs.Wilson said,“Everything was cheaper there.” “We know,” the children said,“but we came home by taxi because we had too much to carry.The taxi fare was more than the money that you saved! ”

Mrs.Wilson added everything up.Her children were right.

( )21.The things at the corner store were 　　　 than those in the supermarket.

A.cheaper B.nicer C.dearer

( )22.Mrs.Wilson 　　　 in the end.

A.spent more money B.paid less money C.lost some money

( )23.From the passage we know the children were 　　　.

A.happy B.clever C.lazy

( )24.Mrs.Wilson will 　　　.

A.buy things near her home

B.never go shopping with her son

C.never call a taxi

C

Asking for directions is the first thing we do when we arrive in a new place,or even when we are just trying to find a place.Knowing how to ask for them can make our life much easier!

Use greetings(问候语) and polite expressions.Starting the conversation with a greeting is necessary.If you want to get a nice answer,begin by saying “hello” first.And some words like “may”,“can” and “could” will help you express yourself better.

Build your words.You should know the basic(基本的) words when asking for directions.It may be useful for you to remember some famous places.Then try to use the right words when asking for a direction.

Get to know the transportation system(交通系统).Sometimes,it can happen that you are still far from the place you want to visit.Which kind of public transportation should you choose?You might ask like this,“Is it far?Do I need to take the bus or the subway there?”

Don’t be afraid of using symbols.Every city in the world has its own symbols.You can decrease search time if you know what the most important symbols are in the city.Your place might be around the symbols.

Don’t be too shy to ask.Learn to relax if you get lost somewhere.We all do that now and then,especially when visiting a new city.But always make sure you can ask others for help!

( )25.Which of the following expressions may not help you when asking for directions?

A.May I ask...? B.Can I know...? C.Tell me...

( )26.What does the underlined word “decrease”mean in Chinese?

A.增加 B.减少 C.浪费

( )27.How many ways does the writer give us in the passage?

A.Three. B.Four. C.Five.

( )28.Which of the following is NOT true according to the passage?

A.It’s necessary to express yourself better when asking for a direction.

B.Knowing some famous places is useful when asking for a direction.

C.People usually feel relaxed when they ask for directions in a new city.

第二节　(共5小题;每小题2分,满分10分)

根据短文内容,从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项,选项中有一项为多余选项。

When you speak,write a letter,or make a telephone,your words carry a message.People communicate with words.29.　 　 A smile on your face shows you are happy or friendly.Tears(眼泪) in your eyes tell others that you are sad.30.　 　 the teacher knows you want to say something or ask questions.You shake your head and people know you are saying “No”.You nod and people know you are saying “Yes”.

31. 　 For example,a sign at the bus stop helps you know which bus to take.A sign on the door tells you where to go in or out.Have you ever thought that there are a lot of other signs around you and that you receive messages from them all the time?

32.　 　 An artist can use his drawings to tell about the beautiful mountains,the blue seas and many other things.A writer writes books to tell you about all the wonderful things in the world and also about people and their ideas.33.　 　 They can help us to know what is going on in the world and what other people are thinking about.

A.People can communicate in many other ways.

B.But do you know people also communicate without words?

C.If you make noise in class,

D.When you put up your hand in class,

E.Magazines,TV,radio and films all help us communicate with others.

F.Other things can also carry messages.

第三节　(共5小题;每小题2分,满分10分)

阅读短文,根据其内容完成文后的表格。(每空不超过3个词)

In 1901,Karl Landsteiner,an Austrian scientist,discovered that there are four types of blood.These four blood types were named A,B,AB and O.People have one of these four types.

Blood type O is the most common around the world.Blood type A is the second most common,and type AB is the least common.If people with type A blood are given type B blood,or people with type B blood are given type A blood,they will probably die.

In 1927,a Japanese doctor,Furukawa Takeji,carried out research and came up with the idea that people with different blood types also had different personalities.He said that people with type A blood are usually calm and serious;people with type B blood are curious,cheerful and outgoing;people with type O blood are generous and honest;those with type AB blood are often caring,original and careful.

More recently,a doctor in the United States wrote a book that links blood types and what people eat.For example,his book suggests people with type O blood should eat more meat and less bread.A diet for people with type A blood includes more vegetables.His book,Eat Right for Your Type,has been a hit with people who want to lose weight.However,Dr.Peter D’Adamo believes that eating food that matches a person’s blood type can do more than help them lose weight.He thinks it will make the person healthier in other ways,too.

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| --- | --- | --- |
| Four types  of blood | People with different blood types have different  34. . | Other information |
| Type A | calm and serious | Eating 35.　 　 is good for people with type A blood. |
| Type AB | 36.　 　 and careful | It’s the least common blood type. |
| Type B | curious,cheerful and outgoing | / |
| Type O | generous and honest | It’s 37.　 　 blood type.People with it should eat more meat and less bread. |
| Dr.Peter D’Adamo thinks 38.　 　 that matches a person’s blood type will make the person healthier in other ways,too. | | |

第三部分　语言运用(共两节,满分15分)

第一节　(共5小题;每小题1分,满分5分)

根据中文意思,补全英语译文。(每空限填一词,缩写算一词)

39.在银行和超市之间有一家宾馆。

There is a hotel 　 　 the bank 　 　 the supermarket.

40.起初,我不想去,可是很快我改变了主意。

　 　 　 　,I didn’t want to go,but soon I changed my mind.

41.打扰一下,你能告诉我到书店怎么走吗?

Excuse me,could you tell me 　 　 　 　 get to the bookstore?

42.那是因为它是一个很直接的问题。

That’s 　 　 　 　 a very direct question.

43.我建议去巴黎度假,但是他不同意。

I 　 　 　 　 to Paris for a holiday,but he didn’t agree.

第二节　(共10小题;每小题1分,满分10分)

阅读下面短文,在空白处填入1个适当的词或括号内单词的正确形式。

What does it mean to be polite?You are polite 44.　 　 you show good manners.Look around 45.　 　 lunchroom the next time when you are there.You will 46.　 　(quick) be able to tell who is polite and who is not.

Your friends talk quietly,and 47.　 　(them) are polite.It is polite to chew(嚼) food 48.　 　 their mouths closed.It’s not very polite 49.　 　(talk) with food in their mouths or to talk aloud in the corner.You can also show you are

50.　 　(politely) when you meet someone new.The best way 51.　 　(do) this is to make eye contact with the person.Shake hands.Smile.Then say,“Hi,my name is...It is very nice to meet you.” He or she will be 52.　 　(please) with how polite you are.Being polite tells 53.　 　(other) you respect them.It also tells others that you know how to act properly.

第四部分　写作(满分15分)

假如你是市一中学生张磊,即将赴新西兰一所友好学校进行三周的学习。作为此次外出学习的学生负责人,请你根据以下要点提示给该校国际部写一封电子邮件咨询有关事宜。

要点提示:1.课程安排;

2.外出活动;

3.其他方面(天气、住宿等)。

要求:1.内容要包括所有的要点提示,可适当增加细节,以使行文连贯;

2.词数80左右,电子邮件的格式、开头和结尾已给出,但不计入总词数。

参考词汇:安排 arrangement;风俗 custom;

宿舍 dorm

Dear Sir or Madam,

I’m Zhang Lei,a student leader at No.1 City Middle School.Some of my classmates and I are going to study at your school.Now I’m writing to

I’ll be grateful if you write back soon.I’m looking forward to your reply.

Yours,

Zhang Lei