

# 怀化市雅礼实验学校 2023 年秋季学期期末考试

## 九年级英语试卷

注意事项：

1. 本试卷共 61 题，满分 100 分， 考试时量：100 分钟；
2. 答题前，请考生先将自己的姓名、准考证号、座位号等信息在答题卡上填写清楚；
3. 必须在答题卡上答题，在草稿纸、试题卷上答题无效；

### 第一部 分听力（共两节，满分 20 分）

第一节（共 5 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 5 分）

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后，你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话读两遍。

1. What does Billy's aunt wear?  
A. Earrings. B. A ring. C. A necklace.
2. When did James go to his grandma's?  
A. at 7:30. B. at 8:00. C. at 8:30.
3. What is Robot like?  
A. Outgoing. B. Quiet. C. Smart.
4. Where did the woman buy the smartphone?  
A. In Germany. B. In China. C. In France.
5. What did the woman do just now?  
A. She bought a car. B. She had her car repaired. C. She practiced driving a car.

第二节（共 15 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 15 分）

听下面 6 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题 5 秒钟；听完后，各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第六段对话，回答第 6、7 小题。

6. Where does the conversation take place?  
A. In a cafe. B. In a hotel. C. In a restaurant.
7. What does the man think of the place?  
A. Crowded. B. Noisy. C. Quiet.

听第七段对话，回答第 8、9 小题。

8. Where does the woman want to go?  
A. To library. B. To a bookstore. C. To a supermarket.
9. Where is the post office?  
A. On First Street. B. On Hill Road. C. On High Street.

听第八段对话，回答第 10、11 小题。

10. How much is the apartment behind the park for a month?  
A. 200 dollars. B. 500 dollars. C. 700 dollars.
11. What is in the apartment on the ground floor?  
A. A TV. B. A sofa. C. A table

听第九段对话，回答第 12 至 14 小题。

12. Who keeps a spare set of the man's car key?  
 A. His wife. B. His sister. C. His cousin.
13. Where did the woman find the man's car key?  
 A. In his car. B. In his coat pocket. C. In his bedroom.
14. When does the conversation take place probably?  
 A. In the morning. B. In the afternoon. C. In the evening.
- 听第十段对话，回答第 15 至 17 小题。
15. How old is Jill?  
 A. 20. B. 21. C. 22.
16. Who gave Jill a book about France?  
 A. Kate. B. Richard. C. Liz.
17. What does Jill want John to try out?  
 A. Colombian coffee. B. Chinese tea. C. French wine.

听下面一段独白，回答第 18 至 20 小题。

18. When did the speaker travel to the Lofoten Islands?  
 A. In June. B. In July. C. In August.
19. How did the speaker take trip the next day?  
 A. By car. B. By bus. C. By boat.
20. How many passengers were needed for the trip?  
 A. At least five. B. At least twelve. C. No more than five.

## 第二部分 阅读理解（共两节，满分 30 分）

第一节 阅读选择（共 11 小题，每小题 2 分，满分 22）阅读下面的材料，从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中，选出最佳答案，并填涂在答题卡上。

### A

<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Welcome to Art Museum</b></p> <p>Here you can see many kinds of sculptures (雕塑) and paintings. You can even buy some artifacts (手工艺品) in the shops.</p> <p>Time: 10:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. every day</p> <p>Rules: ● You can take photos, but you can't use your flash.          ● You can't bring in any food or drink.</p> <p>Prices: ¥10.00 for adults    ¥6.00 for young children    ¥5.00 for old people and students</p> <p>For more information, call 104-1224-1456.</p>
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21. How long is the museum open every day?  
 A. For six hours. B. For seven hours. C. For eight hours.
22. What can people do in the museum?  
 A. Paint pictures. B. Have a meal. C. Take photos.
23. If Rudy is a middle school student, how much does he need to pay to visit the museum?  
 A. ¥5.00. B. ¥6.00. C. ¥10.00.

## B

I'm Robert. I'm having a lot of fun here in New York with my family. Yesterday morning, we went to Central Park. In the afternoon, we visited the Statue of Liberty. And tomorrow we will visit the Brooklyn Bridge.

Today we went to a special festival. All my family enjoyed it. Dad liked it because it was free. There were many interesting activities. That's why I liked it. We tried on spacesuits (航天服), and we made some model planes. Mom's favorite was the clocks and she bought a beautiful one at the shop.

There were young people from many different countries at the festival. I met a boy called Alex. He comes from Australia and he is good at making robots. He even started his company (公司) to sell them! I also want to start my own company, but Mom says I need to finish school first.

The festival gave me lots of ideas for my science homework. I could do something about electricity or ice, but I think I'll write about robots because I'm interested in robots now.

24. What did Robert do yesterday afternoon?

- A. He went to Central Park.
- B. He visited the Statue of Liberty.
- C. He visited the Brooklyn Bridge.

25. The underlined word "one" in Paragraph 2 refers to "\_\_\_\_\_".

- A. model plane
- B. spacesuit
- C. clock

26. What do we know about Alex?

- A. He has a company.
- B. He is from America.
- C. He is learning to make robots.

27. What will Robert's science homework be about?

- A. Robots.
- B. Ice.
- C. Electricity.

## C

Many children use the Internet to get useful knowledge and information, and to relax in their free time. But some of them are not using it in a good way. Here are some rules to make sure you are safe and have fun on the Internet.

Make rules for Internet use with your parents. For example, when you can go online, for how long and what activities you can go online. Don't give your password (密码) to anyone else, and never give out the following information-your real name, home address, age, phone number or other personal information. Check with your parents before giving out a credit card (信用卡) number. Never send a photo of yourself to someone in e-mail unless your parents say it's OK. Check with your parents before going into a chat room. Different chat rooms have different rules and attract different kinds of people. You and your parents will want to make sure it's a right place for you. Never agree to meet someone you met on the Internet without your parents' approval (同意). Never meet anyone you met online alone. Always remember that people online may not be who they say they are. Treat everyone online as strangers.

If something you see or read online makes you uncomfortable, leave the site. Tell a parent or teacher right away. Treat other people as you'd like to be treated. Never use bad language. Remember: not everything you read on the Internet is true.

28. If you use the Internet, you can get \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. a photo of your friend  
B. useful knowledge and information  
C. some parents' phone number
29. When you go online, what will you do in a right way according to the passage?  
A. I will give out real name and my home address.  
B. I will send a photo of myself to everyone online.  
C. I will not give my password to anyone else.
30. When you are online, you should not \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. use bad language  
B. leave the site if you feel uncomfortable  
C. send messages and emails
31. What can be the best title for the passage?  
A. Get the true information  
B. Some Internet safety rules for students  
C. Relax in the free time

**第二节（共4个小题，每小题2分，满分8分）**

阅读下面短文，从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。每个选项仅使用一次。

Homework is a problem for students all over the world. As a student, you have lots of homework to do every day. It's of great importance to you. 32 And it helps you understand important concepts(概念). Luckily, there are several things you can do to make homework less difficult.

33

Write your homework down in your notebook if you need to. Don't be afraid to ask questions about it. It's much easier to ask the teacher during or after class than to try to remember later that night!

**Use your time at school**

34 It is designed to allow students to study on their own. It's more interesting to play with friends. But the more homework you finish at school, the less you'll have to do that night.

**Take a break**

It's difficult to hold your attention for too long. 35 Sitting for too long without relaxing will make you feel very tired. Taking a 15-minute break every hour is a good idea for most people.

**Make a plan**

If you don't finish your homework at school, think about how much you have left, so you can budget your time. If it's a heavy homework day, you'll need to spend more time on it. It's a good idea to make a homework timetable, especially when you want to enjoy sports or other activities.

- A. Many schools have study hall.  
B. Be sure you understand the homework.  
C. So take some breaks while doing your homework.  
D. It's the best way to review what you have learned in class.  
E. Most students have between 1 hour and 3 hours of homework a night.

### 第三部分 知识运用（共两节，满分 25 分）

#### 第一节 完形填空（共 10 小题，每小题 1.5 分，共 15 分）

Can you imagine going to university at age 14? This year, Jia Zijun, from Henan, did just that. He became the 36 freshman at Beihang University. "I didn't know I was the youngest 37 I got here, and it feels quite cool!" Jia told The Paper.

Jia 38 the college entrance exam in June and got a total score of 642. Jia owes his achievement mainly to good 39 habits.

"When I was in Grade 1, I borrowed Grade-2 textbooks and learned the lessons during my summer holidays," he said. Because of this, Jia skipped Grade 2, and then Grade 4. As he went to high school, he found things were getting 40 to learn. So he started to make plans every day and set goals for himself.

Jia would also 41 what he learned each day before going to bed. If there was something he couldn't remember 42, he'd take a look at it the next morning. "I was not good at English in high school, so I printed the word list and stuck it onto my bed. Every morning when I woke up, I looked 43 them, and it's a good way to remember things."

When Jia felt stressed, he had a special way to 44: working on math problems. "I'd find difficult problems to challenge 45, and when I worked it out, I felt really happy."

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|------------------|--------------|-------------|
| 36. A. cleverest | B. youngest  | C. oldest   |
| 37. A. so        | B. and       | C. until    |
| 38. A. made      | B. took      | C. left     |
| 39. A. eating    | B. sleeping  | C. learning |
| 40. A. better    | B. harder    | C. worse    |
| 41. A. review    | B. dream     | C. forget   |
| 42. A. carefully | B. early     | C. well     |
| 43. A. through   | B. up        | C. after    |
| 44. A. check     | B. celebrate | C. relax    |
| 45. A. myself    | B. me        | C. him      |

#### 第二节 综合填空（共 10 小题，每小题 1 分，共 10 分）

阅读下面短文，在空白处填入适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Do you know that there are two special days for parents 46 America? One is Mother's Day on the 47 (two) Sunday of May, and the other is *Father's Day* on the third Sunday of June. On these two days, 48 (America) children often give gifts to their parents or take them out for lunch or dinner. Common gifts are flowers and 49 (card) for mothers and shirts or ties for fathers. I heard that it is 50 (become) more and more popular to celebrate Mother's Day and Father's Day in China. I wonder 51 children over there also give similar gifts to their parents. I believe that there are many ways to show 52 (we) love. 53 (actual), we don't have to spend a lot 54 money. It is also a good idea 55 (help) parents to do something instead.

#### 第四节 综合技能（共两节，满分 25 分）

第一节 任务型阅读。(共 5 小题，每小题 2 分，满分 10 分)

59. You may have no idea about how amazing our motherland is. With a history of more than 5,000 years, China has always been a great land to foreigners. In 2008, a documentary (纪录片) called *Wild China* was performed on BBC before the Beijing Olympics. There were six events in all—“Heart of the Dragon”, “Shangri-La (香格里拉)”, “Tibet (西藏)”, “Beyond the Great Wall”, “Land of the Panda” and “Tides of Change”. This 300-minute-long documentary surprised the audience with China’s beautiful scenery.

*Wild China* may be the best documentary of China. You can see the beautiful Himalayas and the Gobi desert. Besides, you can take a look at the hills of Southern China filled with rice fields and the land of the panda. Also, you can discover how silk is collected and the history of the Silk Road.

It is interesting to see what our motherland looks like from foreigners’ eyes. 60. 如果你太忙而不能环游中国, you are in luck because *Wild China* can take you on a journey of our motherland and see our amazingly different types of landscape (风景).

56. When was *Wild China* shown on BBC?

57. How many events are there in the documentary called *Wild China*?

58. Can you discover how silk is collected and the history of the Silk Road in *Wild China*?

59. 请将画线部分的英文译成中文。

60. 请将画线部分的中文译成英文。

第二节 书面表达。(满分 15 分)

61. 假定你是李华，春节即将到来，你的英国笔友 Peter 对中国的农历新年非常感兴趣，他在电子邮件中询问了有关春节的一些情况。请根据以下提示，给他写一封回信，介绍春节并邀请他来中国共度春节。

Introduction	Activities	Meaning
traditional festival	have a big meal	family reunion
the first day of lunar New Year	set off fireworks	traditional culture
.....	.....	.....

要求:1.词数 80 左右(开头已给出，不计入总词数);

2.要点齐全，适当发挥;

3.不得出现真实姓名和校名;

4.条理清楚，语句通顺，意义连贯，书写规范。

Dear Peter,

Thank you for your e-mail. \_\_\_\_\_

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Best wishes,

Li Hua